# PETROLEUM TANKERS SAFETY BILL, 2019

### ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

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# A BILL

## **FOR**

AN ACT TO PROVIDE AN EFFICIENT LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF FREIGHT TRAFFIC AND USE OF PETROLEUM TANKERS ON THE HIGHWAY TO CONVEY PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND OTHER CARGOES, PROMOTE THE SAFETY OF ALL ROAD USERS; AND FOR RELATED MATTERS

Sponsored by Senator Ubah, Ifeanyi Patrick

Commencement

Objectives of the Bill

ENACTED by the National Assembly of the Federal Republic of Nigeria as follows:

. 1	PART I - OBJECTIVES AND APPLICATION
2	1. The objectives of this bill are to-
3	(a) Eliminate practices that are averse to freight traffic and
4	petroleum haulage in Nigeria;
5	(b) Promote petroleum and commercial cargo haulage safety, and
6	reduce accidents arising from transportation of petroleum products by road;
7	(c) Promote investments in truck transit parks and related transport
8	infrastructure in Nigeria;
9	(d) Promote innovation and integration of technology in the
10	management of cargo haulage and freight traffic in Nigeria;
11	(e) Strengthen existing collaborations between government
12	agencies and freight forwarders in Nigeria;
13	(f) To ensure the availability, quality, reliability, affordability and
14	safety of tankers and trucks involved in the haulage or transportation
15	petroleum products and other cargos in the country; and
16	(g) Promote the welfare of tankers and truck drivers and prescribe
17	liability for operators in the petrol and commercial cargo haulage in
18	Nigeria.

	1 .	PART II - ENFORCEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE BILL
Enforcement and administration	2	3(1) Without prejudice to the provisions of any Act of the Nationa
of the Bill	3	Assembly or any subsidiary legislations made thereunder, the Petroleum
• .*	4	Tanker Safety Department (hereinafter referred to as the "PSTD") is hereby
. •	· 5	established under the Department of Petroleum Resources to perform the
	6	functions and exercise the powers conferred on it by this Bill.
	7 .	(2) Pursuant to the objectives of this Bill, it shall be the responsibility
	.8	of the PTSD to monitor the use of articulated vehicles on the highway and also
•	9	issue regulation on various matters relating to freight traffic safety including-
	10	(a) The manufacture, construction, modification, maintenance
•,	11	registration and operating methods for Petroleum Tankers involved in carriage
÷	12	of petroleum products and other goods by road;
	13	(b) Mandate every petroleum tanker driver to take special training or
•	- 14	tanker driving and safety training and obtain special certification/license;
	15	(c) To approve and certify licenses to be issued on level of tonnage of
	16	petroleum products vehicles;
	17	(d) To check and inspect tank leak proof, discharge valve
	18	certification, fabrication steel requirements and exhaust pipes and engine
•	19	certification;
	20	(e) To collaborate with the Federal Road Safety Department as
•	21	established under the Federal Road Safety Department to ensure safe
•	22 😽	transportation of petroleum products by road;
•	23	(f) The licensing and promotion of ideal working environment for
•	24	truck and tanker drivers in Nigeria;
	25	(g) Formulation of special standards for road safety and road
	26	infrastructure relevant to freight traffic;
•	27 .	(h) Collaborate with the relevant government agencies to ensure
	28	efficient and safe transportation of petroleum Products and commercial cargo
	29	across Nigeria;

(i) Promote public-private partnership schemes that will enhance the

1	development of truck transit parks and other transportation infrastructure
2	relevant to effective freight traffic management in Nigeria;
3	(j) Facilitate innovation, technological integration in the
. 4	management of freight traffic and sustainable utilization of road transport.
5	network in Nigeria;
6	(k) Ensure adequate protection and safety of vulnerable road users
7	against the transportation of petroleum products and other commercial
8 .	cargo by road;
9	(I) Prescribe standards for the design and construction of tanker
10	trucks for transportation of petroleum products and other commercial cargo
11	taking into consideration the comfort of drivers as well as occupants of such
12	vehicles and the safe carriage of goods by road generally;
13	(m) Prescribe standards and procedures for tests of competence
14	for issuance of licenses to tankers and truck drivers;
15	(n) The conduct of safety and performance audits to monitor
16	compliance with the standards and regulations as may prescribed by the
17	PTSD;
18	(o) Specify conditions for safe usage of Petroleum Tankers with
19	regard to other road users, persons and property near roads;
20	(p) Issuance and re-issuance or suspension of driving licenses and
21	parameters and procedures for testing for road worthiness of Petroleum
22	Tankers;
23	(q) Creation, maintenance and sharing of standards, national
24	uniform database for collecting and managing data including data relating to
25	licenses, registration, insurance, permits, road crashes, offences and
26	penalties regarding Petroleum Tankers used for haulage;
27	(r) Mechanisms for accreditation of certification bodies and testing
28	centers engaged in certification and testing of motor vehicles and drivers of
29	motor vehicles under this Bill;
30	(s) Enforcement of quality control in relation to any aspect of

Power to make Regulations

1	transport and road safety pertaining to use of Petroleum Tankers for
2	distribution of petroleum products and other commercial cargo;
3	(t) Evaluation of enforcement and administration of this Bill;
4	(u) Accreditation of assessors of safety audits, inspection and
5	ratings;
6	(v) Dissemination of information related to restricted roads, no
7	entries, one ways, restricted entry and time-zones for articulated vehicles as
8	defined under this Bill;
9	(w) Adoption and implementation of a national safety plan on use of
10	Petroleum Tankers on the highway;
11	(x) Provide technical assistance and advise government at all levels in
12	Nigeria on the administration of provisions of this Bill relating to safety and
13	arising out of management inter-state freight traffic management;
14	(y) Develop in consultation with relevant agencies, regulations
15	specifying guidelines for establishment and operation of trauma facilities and
16	paramedical facilities for dealing with freight traffic related injuries;
17	(z) Undertake freight traffic education programmes and conduct
18	campaigns to create awareness amongst all section of the road users on the risks
19	associated with transporting petroleum products and other commercial cargo
20	by road;
21	(aa) Collaborate with relevant interest groups and non-governmental
22	groups working in the area of road safety, fright traffic management, petroleum
23	products distribution and assist them in the efficient promotion of traffic
24	management and road safety procedures; and
25	(bb) Carry out any other incidental measure necessary to give effect to
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28	of carrying into effect the power of this Bill and the subsidiary legislations
29	made thereunder.

1	5(1) If the Department proposes to make regulations pursuant to	)
2	the provisions of this Bill, it must publish a draft of the proposed regulation	Procedure for making regulations
3	specifying-	•
4	(a) The objectives of the proposed regulation;	
5	(b) How the draft regulation complies with the provisions of this	
6	Bill;	
7	(c) A regulatory impact analysis of the proposed regulation and	
8	cost-benefit analysis where feasible;	
9	(d) The process on which a person may make representation in	
10	relation to proposed regulations;	
11	(e) The implementation schedule for any regulation which shall be	
12	determined after due consultation with all stakeholders.	
13	(2) The Department shall consider and where necessary give effect	
14	to any representation made by stakeholders pursuant to the provisions of this	
15	section:	
16	Provided that the decision of the Department shall be final with	
17	regard to whether or not it had considered any regulation made to it.	
18	(3) Nothing in this section precludes the PTSD from making	•
19	emergency regulations which may requires suspension of the procedure	
20	under subsection (1) of this section if the time taken to comply with it has the	
21	potential to cause considerable harm or losses for the person likely to be	
22	affected by such regulation.	
23	6(1) There is established a National Technical Working	Establishment,
24		membership and functions of the
25	consisting of independent technical experts, representatives of relevant	Committee
26	government MDAs, pressure groups and other entities in the haulage of	•
27	petroleum products and other commercial cargo in Nigeria to offer technical	
28	advise and ensure inter-agency synergy with the PTSD in the discharge of its	
29	functions under this Bill.	

(2) the Committee established under this section may have such

1	sub-committees as may be necessary for the effective discharge of its functions		
2	as stipulated under subsection (1) of this section and the Committee may co-opt		
3	such persons not exceeding five (5) as may be desirable into its membership or		
4	the membership of its sub-committee.		
5	(3) without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of subsection		
6	(1) of this section, the PTSD may establish such number of sub-committees		
7	as it may consider necessary, including on the following matters-		
8	(a) truck transit parks and transport infrastructure development;		
9	(b) crash investigation and forensics;		
10	(c) Data collection analytics;		
11	(d) Petroleum Tankers' safety regulation;		
12	(e) driving skills testing;		
13	(f) technology and enforcement including testing standards for		
14	offences including drunk - driving and over speeding;		
15	(g) vehicle fuel quality;		
16	(h) vehicle noise standards		
17	(I) insurance relating to Petroleum Tankers and third parties		
18	(4) the Committee may from time to time be reconstituted by addition		
19	of new members or removal of existing members or by changing the name of		
20	the committee or sub-committee as the case may be.		
21	(5) the Committee and sub-committee established under this Bill		
22	shall have the power to regulate its own proceedings and for this purpose may		
23	adapt rules as to time, venue, quorum and other matters relating to its meetings		
24	(6) the administrative, financial research support for the committee		
25	and its sub-committees shall be provided by the Department.		
26	(7) membership of the committee and sub- committees established		
27 .	under this section may be made up of representatives of-		
28	(a). Petroleum Tanker Safety Department herein established;		
29	(b) Federal Road Safety Agency (FRSC);		
30	(c) The Nigerian Maritime and Safety Agency (NIMASA):		

1	(d) Nigeria Parts Authority (NPA);	
2	(e) Nigeria Customs Service;	
3	(f) Nigeria Agricultural Quarantine Service (NAQS);	
4	(g) Nigeria Police Force;	
5	(h) Nigerian Navy;	
6	(i) Standards organizations of Nigeria;	
7	(j) NEXIM Bank;	
8	(k) Central Bank of Nigeria;	
9	(1) National Bureau of Statistics;	
10	(m) Infrastructural Concession and Regulatory Council (FCRC);	
11	(n) Independent Corrupt Practice and other offences Commission;	
12	(o) Manufacturers Association of Nigeria;	
13	(p) Nigeria Chamber of commerce and industry allied and	
14	agriculture (NACCIMA);	
15	(q) Petroleum Tanker Drivers Association (PTDA);	
16	(r) National Union of Road Transport Workers (NURTW);	
17	(s) The Nigerian Railway Corporation,	
18	PART III - TRUCK TRANSIT PARKS AND OTHER TRANSIT IMPROVEMENT	
19	Infrastructure	
20	7(1) From the commencement of this Bill, no owner of an	Obligation of
21	articulated lorry shall use or permit the lorry to transport petroleum products	owners of Petroleum Tankers
22	or other commercial cargo save in accordance with the conditions of the	
23	permit issued by the Department under this Bill.	
24	8. The owner of an articulated Lorry who intends to use or caused	Permit for
25	to be used his lorry for transportation of petroleum products or other	transportation of petroleum products, etc.
26	commercial cargo shall make an application to the Department in the form	products, etc.
27	and named as may be specified by the Department.	
28	9. No state shall prevent or hinder inter-state transportation of	Obligations of
29	petroleum products or other commercial cargo by an articulated lorry	State Governments
30	granted permit to transport such goods by the Department.	

Procedure for modification and renewal of permit for transportation of petroleum products 1

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- 10.-(1) The Department shall make regulations specifying the procedure to be followed for-
  - (a) The application for modification of an existing permit;
  - (b) The renewal or suspension or cancellation of a permit; and
- (c) Issuance of temporary permit for transport of goods.
- (2) The Department shall make regulations specifying the fee to be paid for the issuance or renewal of permit granted pursuant to the provisions of this Bill.
- (3) Refusal to grant a permit under this Bill shall be communicated to the applicant in writing stating the reason for such rejection or refusal:

Provided that no application for a permit shall be rejected or refused without providing the applicant an opportunity of providing reasons in support of his application.

11.-(1) The Department shall, in consultation with other members of the Committee established under this Bill, make special regulations for the transportation of petroleum products and hazardous goods by road.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, rules and regulations made under this section maybe with respect to the following-

(a) method and manner in which petroleum products and other hazardous cargo are to be stored, packaged, handled and transported;

(b) routes and schedules for transportation of petroleum products and other cargoes;

- (c) safety procedures, equipment and containment measures to be put in place to prevent loss of containment (LOC) in case of road accidents;
- (d) mandatory accreditation and re-accreditation of people involved in transportation of petroleum products and other hazardous cargo;
- (e) training and re-training of and essential qualification of people involved in, and the approval of training courses and qualifications relating to involvement in the transportation of petroleum products and other hazardous cargo by road;

Special regulations for transportation of petroleum products, etc.

1		(f) inspection of facilities and Petroleum Tankers involved in the	
2		transportation of petroleum products and other hazardous cargo by road; and	
3		(g) issuance of permit, including validity and requirements for	
4		renewal of such permits.	
5		12. From the commencement of this Bill, it shall be the	Establishment
6		responsibility of the Department in consultation with the Committee	of Truck Transit Parks
7		established under this Bill to superintend over the operation of Truck Transit	
8		Parks contained in the First Schedule to this Bill or as may be established	
9		henceforth and the Department shall ensure the development of more Truck	•
10		Transit Parks and other Transit improvement infrastructure across the	
11		country.	
12		13. The Department shall establish a Nationwide Road Crash	Nationwide road
13	÷	Emergency Access telephone numbers particularly for road crashes or	crash emergency access telephone
14		accidents involving petroleum tanker drivers and to request for first	numbers
15		response emergency services.	
16		PART IV - FREIGHT TRAFFIC LIABILITY AND CLAIMS TRIBUNAL	•
17		14. The driver of an articulated lorry shall cause the vehicle to	Obligation of
18		stop & remain stationary, in the event of the vehicle being involved in a	driver of. Petroleum Tanker
19		collision with a person, animal or building, vehicle or causing damage to	in case of acciden
20		property, for such reasonable time as may be necessary, when required to do	
21		so by an authorized police officer in uniform, and the driver shall produce	•
22	•	their license and share the name and address of the owner of the vehicle to	
23		any person affected by any such collision or damage who demands it	•
24		provided such person also furnishes their name and address.	
25		15. When any person is injured or any property of a third party is	Articulated lorry
26		damaged, as a result of a crash in which an articulated lorry is involved, the	driver to secure medical attention for victims
27		driver of the vehicle or other person in charge of the vehicle shall-	TOT VICTIMS
28		(a) unless it is not practicable to do so on account of mob fury or	
29		any other reason beyond the control of the driver, take all reasonable steps to	•

secure medical attention for the injured person, by arranging alternative

1 transportation to convey the victims to the nearest medical facility hospital or nursing home, and it shall be the duty of every registered medical practitioner 2 or the doctor on duty in the hospital or nursing home to immediately to attend to 3 the injured person and render medical aid or treatment without waiting for any 4 5 procedural formalities, or financial arrangements unless the injured person or the guardian of the injured person, in case the person is a minor, desires 6 7 otherwise. 16. Every driver of a motor vehicle at the approach of any densely Precautionary 8 measure by driver of articulated populated settlement or unguarded railway crossing shall cause the vehicle to 9 lorry when approaching stop and the driver of the vehicle shall cause the conductor or cleaner or 10 densely populated settlements etc. 11 attendant or any other person in the vehicle to get down and clear human traffic or walk up to the railway crossing and ensure that no train or trolley is 12 approaching from either side and then drive the motor vehicle across such 13 railway crossing, and where no conductor or cleaner or attendant or any other 14 person is available in the vehicle, the driver of the vehicle shall get down from 15 the vehicle himself to ensure that no train or trolley is approaching from either 16 side before the railway track is crossed. 17 Insurance policy 18 17. No person shall use, or knowingly cause or allow any other person for Petroleum Tankers to use, an articulated lorry for transportation of petroleum products or other 19 commercial cargo, unless there is in relation to the use of the lorry a valid policy 20 insurance complying with the requirements of this Bill, and the owner of the 21 lorry shall obtain additional insurance cover over and above the mandated 22 policy of insurance as provided under this Bill. 23 24 18. In order to comply with the requirements of this Bill, a policy of Basic requirements of articulated 25 insurance must be a policy whichlorry insurance policy 26 (a) is issued by a person who is an authorized insurer; and (b) insures the person or classes of persons specified in the policy to 27 28 the extent specified in this Bill: 29 (i) against any liability which may be incurred in respect of the death

of or bodily injury to any person including owner of the goods or such owner's

l	authorized representative carried in the lorry or damage to any property of a	
2	third party caused by or arising out of the use of the lorry on the highway or	
3	persons or property located near the highway; and	
4	(ii) against the death of a person or bodily injury to any driver of the	
5 .	lorry and third parties arising out of the use of the lorry on the highway.	
6	19(1) A Fund, called the Tankers and Trucks Crash Fund, shall be	Tankers and
7	constituted and the following shall be credited to the Fund:	Trucks Crash Fund
8	(a) compulsory contribution as may be determined by the	
9	Department payable by all applicants at the point of application for permit	-
10	for transportation of petroleum products or others in haulage business;	
11	(b) Any grant made to the Fund by any of the three tiers of	
12	government, corporate entities or charities to organization not inconsistent	. ·
13	with the objectives of this Bill; and	
14	(c) Any other source of income as may be prescribed by the	
15	Department in Consultation with the Committee.	
16	(2) The Fund shall be constituted for the purpose of providing	
17	compulsory compensation or medical assistance to the following -	
18	(a) A person who has been grievously hurt in a road crash involving	•
19	Petroleum Tanker until such a time as the person may be stabilized or as may	No.
20	be determined by the Department;	
21	(b) One or more legal representatives of a person who died in a	
22	road crash that was not caused by a hit and run lorry and for which road crash	
23	no person can be held liable;	
24	(c) A person grievously hurt in a road crash where no fault can be	
25	fixed upon either that driver of the lorry or on the owner of the lorry involved	
26	in the crash; and	
27	(d) Any other victim as the Department may specify by	
28	regulations.	
29	(3) The maximum liability of the Fund in any case shall be as may	
30	be specified by the Department.	

•	l	(4) In all cases specified in sub-section 2(a) of this section, when the
	2	claim of such person becomes payable, then the Fund is entitled to recover
	3	from the insurer the amount equivalent to such compensation received by such
	.4	victim.
	5	(5) The Fund shall be managed by the Department and it may specify
	6	with special regard-
	7	(a) the insurance of all licensees of petroleum transportation tanker
	• 8	owner;
	9	(b) Capability of the Department to meet the compensation needs of
	10	the victims of road crash involving Petroleum Tankers.
Restriction on use of Petroleum	11	20. The Department may in consultation with the Committee and
Tankers in specified areas	12	after due satisfaction in the interest of public safety or convenience, or because
•	13	of the nature of any road or bridge, prohibit or restrict by notification, subject
	14	to such exceptions and conditions as may be specified in the notification, the
	15	driving of or the use of trailers in any specified area or on a specified road and
	16	when any such prohibition or restriction is imposed, shall cause appropriate
	17	traffic signs to be placed in accordance with this Bill.
Petroleum Tankers Claims Tribunal	18	21(1) The Federal Government may, by notification signed by the
	19	Minister Petroleum or Minister of State for Petroleum as the case may be,
	20	constitute one or more Petroleum Tanker Accidents Claims Tribunals
	21	(referred to as Claims Tribunals) for such areas as may be specified in the
r	22	notification, for the purpose of adjudicating upon claims for compensation in
	23	respect of Petrol tanker crashes involving the death of, or bodily injury to
•	24	persons arising out of the use of Petroleum Tankers on the highway, or damage
	25	to any property of a third party so arising, or both.
	26	(2) The Federal Government shall use the details from the registers
	27	maintained by the claims Tribunal in accordance with the provisions of this Bill
	28	to carry out an assessment annually, in order to determine the number of Claims
	29	Tribunals needed in a particular State or geopolitical region, the results of
•	30	which must be made public upon being determined.

1	(3) A Claims Tribunal shall consist of such number of members not		
2	exceeding three as the Federal Government may think fit to appoint; and one		
3	of them shall be appointed as its Chairman.		
4	(4) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as a member of		
5	a Claims Tribunal unless such person:		
6	(a) has good knowledge of freight traffic administration; or		
7	(b) is, or has been educated up to university degree or its		
8	equivalent; or		
9	(c) is qualified for appointment as a High Court Judge or as a		
10	Magistrate.		
11	22(1) An application for compensation arising out of a crash of Person's entitled		
12	the nature specified in sub-section (1) of section 21 may be made: to file claims petition		
13	(a) by the person who has sustained the injury; or		
14	(b) by the owner of the property; or		
15	(c) where death has resulted from the crash, by all or any of the		
16	legal representatives of the deceased; or		
17	(d) by any agent duly authorized by the person injured, or all or any		
18	of the legal representatives of the deceased, as the case may be:		
19	Provided that where all the legal representatives of the deceased		
20	have not joined in any such application for compensation, the application		
21 ,	shall be made on behalf of or for the benefit of all the legal representatives of		
22	the deceased and the legal representatives who have not so joined, shall be		
23	impleaded as respondents to the application.		
24	(2) Every application under sub-section (1) of this section shall be		
25	made in such form and manner as may be prescribed by the Tribunal at the		
26	option of the claimant either to the Claims Tribunal having jurisdiction over		
27	the area in which the crash occurred or to the Claims Tribunal within the		
28	local limits of whose jurisdiction the claimant resides, or carries on business,		
29	or within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the defendant resides.		
30	(3) The Claims Tribunal shall treat any Detailed Crash Information		

1	Report prepared pursuant to the provisions of this Bill and forwarded to it in
2	determining appropriate compensation for the claimant.
3	(4) The Claims Tribunals shall examine whether the Detailed Crash
4	Information Report is complete in all respects and shall pass appropriate orders
5	in this regard.
6	(5) If the Detailed Crash Information Report is not complete in any
7	particular respect, the Claims Tribunal shall direct the Investigating Officer to
8	complete the same and shall fix a date for the said completion.
9	(6) The Claims Tribunals shall treat the Detailed Crash Information
10	Report filed by the Investigating Officer as a claim petition under this section
11	and where the Police is unable to produce the claimants on the first date of
12	hearing, the Claims Tribunal shall initially register the Detailed Crash
13	Information Report as a miscellaneous application which shall be registered as
14	a main claim petition after the appearance of the claimants.
15	(7). The Claims Tribunal shall list the miscellaneous application for
16	preliminary hearing to enable the police to notify such date to the victim/family
17	of the victim, owner, driver and insurer of the vehicle involved in the crash.
18	(8) After the appearance of the claimants, the miscellaneous
19	application shall be converted and registered as a claim petition.
20	(9) Where the claimants have filed a separate claim petition, the
21	Detailed Crash Information Report shall be tagged to the claim petition.
22	(10) If no separate claim petition has been preferred, the Claims
23	Tribunal shall call upon the claimant to submit statement of facts regarding
24	compensation in such form and manner as may be prescribed by Tribunal in
25	this regard.
26	(11) If the police are unable to produce the claimants for up to a period
27	of three months after the first date of hearing, the Claims Tribunal shall deen
28	the matter disposed of:
29	Provided that a claimant may, at any time up to a period of twelv
30	months after the matter has been disposed under sub-section (11) of thi

section, file a claim petition relating to the same crash.

(12) Notwithstanding anything in this Bill or any Act of the National Assembly for the time being in force, the right of a person to claim compensation for injury in a crash shall upon the death of the person injured, survive to his legal representatives, irrespective of whether the cause of death is relatable to or had any nexus with the injury, or not:

Provided that in cases where the cause of death is not relatable to or has no nexus with the injury, the compensation shall be restricted to the period between the date of injury and the death of the person injured.

under the provisions of this section, the Claims Tribunal shall, after giving notice of the application to the insurer and after giving the parties (including the insurer) an opportunity of being heard, hold an inquiry into the claim or, as the case may be, each of the claims and, subject to the provisions of this Bill may make an award determining the amount of compensation which appears to it to be just and specifying the person or persons to whom compensation shall be paid and in making the award the Claims Tribunal shall specify the amount which shall be paid by the insurer or owner or driver of the vehicle involved in the crash or by all or any of them, as the case may be:

Provided that, in the case of death, the amount of compensation, excluding compensation for loss of earnings and for medical expenses prior to death, shall be an amount as may be prescribed by rules made by the Tribunal.

(2) The Claims Tribunal shall, while making an award under this Bill, also refer to the impairment schedule detailing the various types of injuries or impairments along with the compensation prescribed thereunder which shall be in accordance with the rules of the Tribunal and updated from time to time.

(3) The Claim Tribunal shall arrange to deliver copies of the award

Procedure and power of Claims Tribunal Claims Tribunal as an administrative

judicial powers

tribunal exercising

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to the parties concerned expeditiously and in any case within a period of fifteen days from the date of the award. (4) When an award is made under this section, the person who is required to pay any amount in terms of such award shall, within thirty days of the date of announcing the award by the Claims Tribunal, deposit with the Tribunal the entire amount awarded in such manner as the Claims Tribunal may direct. 24.-(1) In holding any inquiry under the provisions of this Bill, the Claims Tribunal may, subject to its rules of procedures have all the powers of a Civil Court for the purpose of taking evidence on oath and of enforcing the attendance of witnesses and of compelling the discovery and production of documents and material objects and for such other purposes as may be prescribed; and the Claims Tribunal shall be deemed to be an administrative tribunal exercising judicial powers. (2) Subject to any rules that may be made by the Claims Tribunal, the Claims Tribunal may, for the purpose of adjudicating upon any claim for compensation, choose one or more persons possessing special knowledge of any matter relevant to the inquiry to assist it in holding the inquiry. 25. -(1) The Claims Tribunal in passing orders shall record concisely 19 in a judgment, the findings on each of the issues framed and the reasons for 20 such findings and make an award specifying the amount of compensation to be paid by the opposite party or parties and also the person or persons to whom 22 compensation shall be paid: 23 Provided that the compensation awarded for death, injury or 24 disability arising out of a motor vehicle crash shall be as per the scheme 25 notified from time to time by the rules of the Claims Tribunal. 26 (2) The procedure of adjudicating the liability and award of 27 compensation may be set apart from the procedure of disbursement of 28

compensation to the legal heirs in a case of death, and where the Claims

Tribunal feels that the actual payment to the claimant is likely to take some time

Judgment and award of compensation by the Claims Tribunal

because of the identification and determination of legal heirs of the deceased; the Claims Tribunal may call for the amount of compensation awarded to be deposited with it, and then, proceed with the identification of the legal heirs for disbursing payment of compensation to each of the legal heirs equitably.

(3) If the parties to an application for compensation or claims petition under this Bill settle the same between themselves at any time during the pendency of the application for compensation or claims petition before the Claims Tribunal, the Investigating Officer shall ensure that such settlement is bona fide and was not made under any undue influence and, if so satisfied, shall assent to placing such settlement before the Claims Tribunal which, in turn, shall satisfy itself as to the genuineness and authenticity of such settlement, and then the Tribunal shall give its assent to such settlement and pass an order adopting and affirming the settlement as its final decision.

Enforcement of awards of Claims Tribunal

26.-(1) The enforcement of the awards of the Claims Tribunal shall be transmitted to the Federal High Court for enforcement in accordance with the rules of procedure as may be prescribed by the Claims Tribunal for enforcement of its award and extant rules of the Federal High Court for the enforcement of decisions of Administrative Tribunals of coordinate jurisdiction with the Claims Tribunal and it shall proceed to recover/execute the award in following terms:

(a) If after the expiry of 90 days from the pronouncement of the award by the Claims Tribunal, payment of the amount awarded by the Claims Tribunal has not been made, notice must be issued to the Bank named by the Insurance Company directing such Bank to deposit the cheque drawn in the name of the claimant/claimants legally entitled in accordance with the award covering the amount(s) in accordance with the Claims Tribunal award within a week of receipt of such orders, and the cheques should be retained for payment to the claimant;

	1	(b) Once the amount is deposited by cheque in accordance with the
,	2	aforesaid procedure, the Claims Tribunal is required to ensure that within a
•	3	period of six weeks thereafter the amount is disbursed to the claimants under
	4	the supervision of the Presiding Officer by issuing the said cheque to the
	5	claimant, so that the claimants are not put through undue harassment;
	6	(c) In case for some reason it is not possible to make the payment to
•	7	the claimant within three months of the issue of the cheques in the name of the
	8	claimant, then the Claims Tribunal should ensure that such cheques are
-	9	returned to the Insurance Companies in lieu of fresh cheques drawn in favour of
	10	the appropriate account of the Claims Tribunal and which are required to be
	11	deposited in an interest bearing short term fixed deposit for a six monthly
•	12	period by the Claims Tribunal;
	13	(d) If directions given by the Claims Tribunal to the banks are not
,	14	complied with, the Claims Tribunal may order freezing of bank accounts to the
	15	extent covered by the award.
	16	((2)) The Claims Tribunal shall maintain in addition to any register that
	17	may be weappired to be maintained, the following:
	18	(a) Register for applications for interim award;
	19	(b) Register for deposit of payments in the Claims Tribunal through
	20	cheques,
	21	(3) Claim petitions on the ground of death, permanent disability,
•	22	injury and damage to property shall be entered in a separate register.
	23	(4) The record of all the awards passed by the Claims Tribunals shall
	24	be maintained by the Claims Tribunal officials in such manner as may be
	25	prescribed.
Impleading	26	27(1) Where in the course of any inquiry, the Claims Tribunal is
insurer in certain *	27	satisfied that:
	28	(a) there is collusion between the person making the claim and the
	29	person against whom the claim is made; or
•	30	(b) the person against whom the claim is made has failed to contest the

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2019	Petroleum Tankers Safety Bill, 2019	C 1121
1	claim, it may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, direct that the insurer,	
2	who may be liable in respect of such claim, shall be impleaded as a party to	
3	the proceeding and the insurer so impleaded shall thereupon have, the right	
4	to contest the claim on all or any of the grounds that are available to the	
5	person against whom the claim has been made.	,
6	28. Where any Claims Tribunal allows a claim for compensation	Award of interest
7	made under this Bill, such Tribunal may direct that in addition to the amount	where any claim is allowed
8	of compensation, simple interest shall also be paid at such rate and from such	
9	date not earlier than the date of making the claim as it may specify in its order	•
10	for compensation.	
11	29(1) Any Claims Tribunal adjudicating upon any claim for	Award of
12	compensation under this Bill may, in any case where it is satisfied direct that:	compensationary cost in certain cases
13	(a) the policy of insurance is void on the ground that it was obtained	1. 《加索教学》
14	by misrepresentation of facts in any material particular; or	***
15	(b) any party or insurer has put forward a false or vexatious claim	4.
16	or defence or is guilty of misrepresentation;	
17	make an order for the payment of special costs by way of compensation to	140
18	the insurer or, as the case may be, to the party against whom such claim or	i.
19	defence has been put forward:	
20	(2) No person or insurer against whom an order has been made	
21	under this section shall, by reason thereof, be exempted from any criminal	
22	liability in respect of such misrepresentation, claim or defence as is referred	
23	to in sub-section (1) of this section.	
24	(3) Any amount awarded by way of compensation under this	
25	section in respect of any misrepresentation, claim or defence, shall be taken	
26	into account in any subsequent suit for damages for compensation, in	
27	respect of such misrepresentation, claim or defence.	

30.-(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of this section,

any person aggrieved by an award of a Claims Tribunal may, within ninety

days from the date of the award, file an appeal to the Federal High Court.

Appeals against awards made by the Claims Tribunal

	1	Provided that no appeal by the person who is required to pay any amount in
	2	terms of such award shall be entertained by the Federal High Court.
•	3	(2) The Federal High Court may extend the time within which to file
	4	the appeal pursuant to subsection(1) of this section and also entertain the
	5	appeal after the expiry of the said period of ninety days, if it is satisfied that the
	6	appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.
	7	(3) No appeal shall lie against any award of a Claims Tribunal if the
	8	amount in dispute in the appeal is less than N1,000,000 ( one million naira).
Recovery of money from the insurer	.9	31. Where any amount is due from any person under an award, the
nom the institut	10	Claims Tribunal may, on an application made to it by the person entitled to the
	11	amount, issue a certificate for the amount to be collected, and the person
	12	entitled to collect the amount shall proceed to recover the same in the same
	13	manner as the Claims Tribunal may direct.
Appellate	14	32. From the constitution of the Claims Tribunal established under
jurisdiction of the Federal High Court over awards	15	this Bill, the Federal High Court shall have appellate jurisdiction to entertain
of the Claims Tribunal	16	any question relating to any claim for compensation which may be adjudicated
	17	upon by the Claims Tribunal for that area, and no injunction in respect of any
	18	action taken or to be taken by or before the Claims Tribunal in respect of the
	19	claim for compensation shall be granted by the Federal High Court.
	20	PART V - OFFENCES AND PENALTIES
General provisions	21	33(1) Any Offence committed under this Act, may be punishable
regarding penalties	22	with one or more of the following penalties-
,	23	(a) Fines or as specified;
	24	(b) community service as may be specified by the Sentencing Rules of
	25	the Claims Tribunal for bailable offences;
	26	(c) impounding of vehicles for a term, as specified; and
	27	(d) suspension of driver's license of the driver involved in road crash
	28	or accident;
	29	(e) suspension of registrations or permits, as specified;
	30	(f) cancellation of licenses, registrations or permits, as specified;

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sentencing guidelines of the Court.

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1 .	(g) compulsory refresher training in a manner as specified by the
2	Department for each offence.
3	(2) reference to impounding of motor vehicles under this Bill is
4	construed to include the immobilization of the motor vehicle on the
5	premises of the owner of the motor vehicle by means of an immobilization
6	device or appliance designed or so adapted to be fixed to a vehicle for the
7	purpose of preventing it from being driven or otherwise put in motion and is
8	of a type approved by the Department to be used for that purpose.
9	(3) Where a petrol tanker or any other type of articulated vehicle is
10	used in contravention of the provisions of this Bill, the fact of the
11	contravention or offence, and relevant details of the person involved in the
12	offence or contravention shall be recorded against the registration certificate
13	of such vehicle, in such manner as may be specified by the provisions of this
14	Bill or Regulations made thereunder.
15	(4) Unless otherwise specified in this Bill, an offence under a
16	provision would be considered a repeat offence if its Department takes place
17	either within a period of one year, or as otherwise specified by the
18	Regulations, from the previous Department of an offence under the same
19	provision.
20	(5) If an offence under this Bill is committed in a child zone the
21	fine for such an offence shall be twice that as prescribed for such offence
22	under this Bill.
23	(6) The nature and manner of community service may be as
24	specified by the Sentencing Rules of the Claims Tribunal.
2.5	(7) Whoever contravenes any provision of this Bill or of any rule,
!6	regulation, order or notification made pursuant to this Bill shall, if no
.7	penalty is provided for the offence, be punishable for the offence in
28	accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of this section or the

(8) Any person who commits an offence under this section shall, in

addition to the prescribed may have their names and photograph published, at 1 their expense, in three leading newspapers circulating in the State where they 2 reside, of which at least one must be in English and one in the vernacular 3 language, in a form as specified by the Department. 4 34. Whoever, being the owner or the driver of an articulated lorry as 5 Causing an unauthorized defined in this Bill, or the person under whose instructions the driver of a lorry, person to drive 6 an articulated knowingly causes or permits a minor or any other person who does not satisfy lorry 7 the provisions of this Bill to drive that lorry commits an offence and upon 8 conviction be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of this Bill. 9 35.-(1) Any person who, while holding any driver's license for the 10 Offences relating driver's license time being in force, attempts to obtain any other driver's license except as 11 provided under this Bill commits an offence and shall upon conviction be 12 sentenced in accordance with the provisions of this Bill. 13 36. Any person who contravenes the provisions of the regulations 14 Offences relating breach of made pursuant to the provisions of Bill commits an offence and shall upon regulations 15 conviction be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of this Bill. 16 37.-(1) Any person who drives or causes or allows to be driven a lorry 17 Offences relating to driving an defective in relation to road safety, including headlights, taillight, indicators, unsafe articulated 18 lorry break lights, tyre tread, control of noise and air pollution, or with reduced 19 vehicle conspicuity for other road users for haulage , which such person 20 knows of or could have discovered by the exercise of ordinary care commits an 21 offence and upon conviction be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of 22 23 this Bill. 38.-(1) Where an offence under this Act has been committed by a 24 Offences by companies company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was in 25 charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business 26 of the company, as well as the company, shall be deemed to be guilty of the 27 contravention and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished 28 29 accordingly. (2) This sub-section shall not render any such person liable to any 30

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1	punishment in this Bill, if such person proves that the offence was	
2	committed without that person's knowledge or that the person exercised	
3	reasonable due diligence to prevent the Department of such offence.	
4	(3) Where an offence under this Bill has been committed by a	
5	company, and it is proved that the offence was committed with the consent	
6	or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of any director,	
7.	manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager,	
8	secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and	•
9	shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.	
10	39. Any person who-	Offences relating
11	(a) transports a shipping container by road without prior inspection	to transportation of containers by road
12	and authorization by a Federal Road Safety Officer on patrol or within his	by rode
13	vicinity; or	
14	(b) without installation of twist locks, twist lock sockets, operating	
15	levers and other safety measures or devices to prevent derailment of the	
16	container while in transit; or	
17	(c) loads a container on a vehicle or wagon for transportation by	
18	road in such a manner as to affect the stability of the vehicle or constitute	•
19	danger to other road users;	
20	Commits an offence and shall upon conviction be punished in accordance	
21	with the provisions of this Bill.	•
22	CHAPTER VI - MISCELLANEOUS	
23	40(1) Anything done or purported to have been done under any	Savings
24	existing Act of the National Assembly including any notification, rule,	provisions
25	regulation, order or notice issued, or any appointment or declaration made,	
26	or exemption granted or any confiscation made, or any penalty or fine	·
27	imposed, any forfeiture, cancellation or any other thing done or any other	

action taken under any Act of the National Assembly, in force immediately

before the commencement of this Bill shall, so far as it is not inconsistent

with the provisions of this Bill, be deemed to have been issued, made,

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1 granted, done or taken under the corresponding provision of this Bill; and (b) any certificate of fitness or registration or license or permit issued 2 3 or granted under the repealed enactments shall continue to have effect after 4 such commencement under the same conditions and for the same period as if 5 this Bill had not been passed; and 6 (c) any scheme or stage carriage permit granted and renewed under any Act of the National Assembly, in force immediately before the 7 8 commencement of this Bill shall, so far as it is not inconsistent with the 9 provisions of this Bill, be deemed to have been issued, made, granted, done or taken under the corresponding provision of this Bill; and 10 (d) any proceeding instituted any Act of the National Assembly in force before the commencement of this Bill and pending immediately before 12 είπ 13 the commencement of this Bill before any Court, shall, subject to the provisions of this Bill, continue to be heard and disposed of by the said Court; 14 guitars 15 an and ant of the (2) Any penalty payable under any Act of the National Assembly in force immediately before the commencement of this Bill, and any action already taken for the recovery of such penalty under any existing Act of the nicle or constitute National Assembly shall subsist until such a penalty is recovered as if this Bill has not been passed. 20 punished in accordance 41. In this Bill unless the context otherwise requires-21 "Petroleum Tankers" means and includes tankers for the transportation of 22 petroleum products; 23 orted to have been done under any "Department "means the Potroleum Tankers Safety Department established 24 thy including any notification, rule, by Section 3(1); y any appointment or declaration made. "certificate of fitness" means a document issued under this Bill that certifies confiscation made, or any penalty or line about penalty or line successful that the articulated lorry meets such safety and other standards stipulated under cellation or any other thing done or any other this Bill or provided in the regulations made by the Department; ylateibannin orol mi yldinasi Assembly, in force immediately 9 "Certificate of registration" means the certificate issued under this Bill by the ment of this Bill shall, so lar as it is not inconsistent Department to the effect that an articulated vehicle has been duly registered in as of this Bill, he deemed to have been issued, made,

1	accordance with the provisions of this Bill;
2	"Claims Tribunal" means the Petroleum Tanker Accidents Claim Tribunals
3	established under clause 21 of this Bill;
4	"Community Service" under this Bill means a requirement of unpaid work
5	under such terms as may be specified by the sentencing rules of the court and
6	imposed on a person who has committed an offence under this Bill;
7	"company" means anybody corporate involved in freight transport or
8	haulage business involving petroleum products and other commercial
9	cargo;
10	"Court" Federal High Court established under section 230 of the 1999
11	Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, as amended;
12	"owner" in relation to Petroleum Tanker means the person or company in
13	whose name a lorry stands registered and where such a person is a minor, the
14	guardian of such minor; and in relation to a lorry which is the subject of a
15	hire-purchase agreement, or an agreement of lease, the person in possession
16	of the vehicle under that agreement; or in respect of an unregistered lorry, the
17	person in possession or control of the vehicle; or a vehicle manufacturer or
18	dealer or importer till such time the vehicle is registered;
19	"permit" means a document issued by the Department or appropriate officer
20	of the Department authorizing the use of an articulated lorry for
21	transportation of petroleum products, shipping containers or other
22	commercial cargo by road;
23	"property" means and includes movable and immovable properties such as
24	bridges, culverts, causeways, trees, posts, houses, animals of whatever
25	description;
26	"public place" means a road, street, way or other place, whether a
27	thoroughfare or not, to which the public have a right of access, and includes
28	any place or stand at which passengers are picked up or set down;
29	"road safety" means the set of practices which identify those problems that $\mathbb{S}^{\mathbb{S}}$
30	contribute to crashes, accidents or injuries must find in the decard)

	1	measures adopted by the Department pursuant to the provisions of this Bill for
	2	reducing the risk of a road crash death or injuries sustained in a crash in a public
	3	place including but not limited to driver education regarding responsible road
	4	sharing and protection of vulnerable road users, enforcement of traffic laws,
	5	manufacture lorries with in-built high safety standards, construction of safe
	6	roads and provision of emergency road services;
	7	"restricted road" includes a road on which a speed limit applies or has a
	8	restriction on the types of vehicles which may ply on that road or has been
	9	notified by the Department to be a restricted road.
Short title .	10	42. This Bill may be cited as the Petroleum Tankers Safety Bill, 2019.
	11	SCHEDULE
	12	[Clause 12]
	13	Provisions relating to Establishment of Truck Transit Parks
	14	The following Truck Transit Parks (TTPs) are recognized under this Bill:
• ,	15	1(1) Lokoja Truck Transit Park , Kogi State;
	16	(2) Obollo-Afor Truck Transit Park, Enugu State;
	17	(3) Benin-Bypass Truck Transit Park, Edo State;
	18	(4) Aviele Truck Transit Park, Edo State; and
	19	(5) Illela Truck Transit Park, Sokoto State;
	20	2. Facilities at the recognized Truck Transit Parks:
•	21	(1) Gas stations and fire stations;
•	22	(2) Hotels and motels;
	23	(3) Restaurants, Rest rooms and showers;
	24	(4) Mechanic workshops, warehouse, truck park and link way;
	25	(5) Gate House, local market and shopping mail;
	26	(6) police post and Federal Road Safety Commission Office,
	27	(7) Health clinics;
	28	(8) Automated cargo tracking systems;
	29	(9) weigh-bridges; and
	30	(10) prayer rooms.

#### EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

This Bill seeks to provide an efficient legal framework for the regulation of tankers and trucks on the highway to convey petroleum products and other commercial cargoes; it further seeks to promote the safety of all road users, lives and the properties of people vulnerable to freight transport accidents by prescribing stiff penalties for violation of Highway and Freight transport Regulations by operators.

