A BILL

FOR

AN ACT TO AMEND THE NATIONAL OIL SPILL DETECTION AND RESPONSE AGENCY (ESTABLISHMENT, ETC) ACT, 2006 AND FOR OTHER MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH

Sponsored by Senator Oluremi Tinubu

	Spondored by Benator Charlett Emiles		
•		Commencemen	
	BE IT ENACTED by the National Assembly of the Federal		
	Republic of Nigeria as follows:		
1	1. The National Oil Spill Detection and Response Agency	Amendment of	
2 .	(Establishment, Etc.) Act 2006 (in this Bill referred to as "the principal Act")	2006 No. 15	
3	is hereby amended as set out in this Bill.		
4	2 (1) The long title of the National Oil Spill Detection and	Re-designation	
5	Response Agency (Establishment, etc) Act 2006 is hereby re-designated as	of National Oil Spill Detection Response Ager	
6	the "National Oil Pollution Management Agency (Establishment, Etc) Bill		
7.	2006".		
8	(2) Accordingly, any reference in the Act to "National Oil Spill		
9	Detection and Response Agency" shall be construed as the "National Oil		
10	Pollution Management Agency".		
11	(3) The re-designation of the enactment specified in sub-section		
12	(1) of this section shall not affect anything done or purported to be done		
13	under the designated enactment.		
14	3. Section 1 of the principal Act is amended in subsection (1) by	Amendment of	
15	subsisting for the existing subsection (1) a new subsection as follows-	Section 1	
16	"(1) There is established an Agency to be known as the National		
17	Oil Pollution Management Agency (in this Bill referred to as "the Agency")		
18 =	with responsibility for preparedness, detection and response to all oil		
19	spillages, oily wastes and gas flare in Nigeria as set out in section 5 of this		
4.3			

Amendment of Section 2	1	4. Section 2 of the principal Act is amended in subsection (2)(b) by
acction 2	· 2· ·	substituting for the existing paragraph (b) a new paragraph as follows-
	3	"(b) one representative each of the following Federal Ministries not
۰	4	below the rank of Director-
	5	(i) Environment;
	6	(ii) Petrolcum Resources
	7	(iii) Defence;
	8	(iv) Transportation;
	9	(v) National Emergency Management Agency; and
	10	(vi) Oil Producers' Trade Section of Lagos Chambers of Commerce
	1,1	(OPTS)."
Amendment of	12	5. Section 5 of the principal Act is amended by-
section 5	13	(a) substituting for the existing preamble, a new preamble as follows-
Objective of	14	"5. The objectives of the Agency shall be to monitor and regulate
the Agency	15	Tiers 1 and 2 oil spills as well as coordinate, implement and review the National
	16	Oil Spill Contingency Plan for Nigeria (in this Act referred to as "the Plan") as
	17	follows:";
	18	(b) substituting for the existing paragraph (a), a new paragraph as
	19	follows-
	20	"(a) establish a viable national operational organization that ensures a
	21	safe, timely, effective and appropriate response to all oil and gas pollution as
	22	well as other hazardous and noxious substances in the petroleum sector;".
Amendment of	23	6. Section 6 of the principal Act is amended by substituting for the
Section 6	24	existing one a new section as follows -
Functions of	25	6(1) The Agency shall-
the Agency	26	(a) be responsible for surveillance and enforce compliance with all
	27	existing environmental legislation in the petroleum sector including those
	28	relating to prevention, detection and general management of oil spills, oily
	29	wastes and gas flare;
e e V	30	(b) enforce compliance with the provisions of international

(3) The failure to clean up the impacted site, to all practical extent

30

- ŧ. including the submission of action plan for remediation within two weeks of the occurrence of the spill in accordance with the polluter pays principle shall 2 constitute an offence and on conviction the oil spiller shall be liable to a fine not 3 less than N5,000,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or to 4 5 both such fine and imprisonment. 6 (4) The notice required under subsection (2) of this section shall be 7 deemed to have been made, if delivered at the nearest zonal or field office of the 8 Agency closer to the impacted site or the National Control and Response
- 7.-(1) There shall be inserted immediately after Section 7 of the principal Act, the following new sections-

Centre within the time stipulated in subsection (2) of this section.".

8 (1) The Agency shall monitor the process of decommissioning or abandonment of drill sites and oil facilities as well as oil and gas industry operational areas in accordance with the procedure and guidelines issued by the Agency.

- (2) The decommissioned/abandoned drill sites shall be cleaned-up, remediated and restored to its natural or near natural states by the oil facility owner.
- (3) The Agency shall be notified in writing to commence the decommissioning and abandonment of any oil facilities or installations within its area of operation.
- (4) Failure to request or notify the Agency on the commencement of such activities will attract penalties prescribed in the Agency's regulation, guidelines or standards.
- 9 (1) The Agency shall assess the integrity of oil facilities which include but not limited to pipelines, well heads, manifolds, storage facilities, barges and vessels to ensure that oil facility owners conform to design specifications as well as the provision in the Agency's regulations, guidelines and standards for the oil and gas sector.
 - (2) The Agency shall provide a programme for the assessment and

Abandonment/ Decommissioning of drill sites and oil facilities 9 :

12

13

14

15

17 18

19

20

21

22

23.

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

16

Pipeline and other oil Facilities Integrity Monitoring and Testing

1	monitoring of the oil and gas facilities to enhance its performance for	
2	distribution, storage and transportation of the upstream, midstream and	
3	downstream products".	
4	(2) The existing sections 8 and 9 of the principal Act shall be	
5	renumbered as section 10 and 11 respectively.	
6	8. Section 11 of the principal Act is amended by-	Amendment of
7	(a) inserting immediately after paragraph (b), a new paragraphs (c)	Section 11
8	and (d) as follows -	•
9	"(c) 2.5 per cent of the ecological fund annually for the	
10	management of oil spill disasters and remediation of oil impacted sites	•
. 11 -	arising from third party interference;	
12	(d) 0.5 percent operations funds of oil companies for the	
13	enforcement of environmental legislation in the petroleum sector.";	
14	(b) Renumbering the existing paragraphs (c), (d), (e) and (f) as	
15	paragraphs (e), (f), (g) and (h) respectively.	
16	9. Section 19 of the principal Act is amended by-	Amendment of
17	(a) inserting the following new paragraph (b) immediately after	Section 19
18	subsection (1)(a), that is-	
19	"(b) inspect oil and gas facilities with a view to ensuring full	
20	compliance with existing environmental legislation on oil and gas	
21	pollution;";	
22	(b) renumbering the existing subsections (1)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f),	
23	(g), (h), (i) and (j) as subsections (1)(e), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j) and (k)	
24	respectively;	
25	(c) by deleting the existing subsection (3)(d).	
26	10. Section 26 of the principal Act is amended by -	Amendment of Section 26
27	(a) renumbering the existing section as subsection (1);	SUCTION 40
28	(b) adding the following new subsections (2), (3) and (4)	
29	immediately after subsection (1) to read:	
20	"(2) The Agency may in pursuance of the provision of subsection	

(1) of this section make regulations setting specifications and standard relating

	2	to the-
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	3	(a) use of dispersant;
	4	(b) engagement or invitation of any oil spill responder by oil
•	5	companies;
	6	(c) establishment of a benchmark for oil spill contingency planning;
•	7	(d) development of framework to guide operators in Oil Spill
	. 8	Contingency Planning; and
	. 9	(e) most appropriate means of preventing and combating various of
-	10	spills and its attendant oil and gas pollution.
	11	(3) Any person who contravenes the regulations made pursuant to
	12	subsection (2) of this section commits an offence and shall on conviction, be
	13	liable to a fine not less than N500,000 or to imprisonment for a term not less
	14	than two years or to both such fine and imprisonment and additional fine of
	15	N50,000 for every day the offence subsists.
	16	(4) Where an offence under subsection (2) of the section is committed
	. 17	by a body corporate, it shall on conviction be liable to a fine not less than
	18	N2,000,000 and additional fine of N500,000 for every day the offence
	19	subsists.".
Insertion of new sections 27, 28,	20	11(1) There shall be inserted immediately after section 26 of the
29, 30 and 31	2,1	Principal Act, the following new sections-
Power to enter premises	22	27(1) An officer of the Agency may, in the course of his duty, at any
	23	reasonable time and on production of his certificate of designation if so
x ·	24	required -
	25	(a) enter and search with a warrant issued by a court, any premises
	26	including land, vehicle, tent, vessel, floating craft including Maritime Tankers,
•	27	Barges of Floating Production, Storage, Offload (FPSO) and oil and gas
	28	facilities or any inland waters and other structure, at all times, for the purposes
	29	of conducting inspection, searching and taking samples for analysis which he
	30	reasonably believes, carries out activities or stores goods which contravene

30

1	environmental standards or legislation relating to oil and oily wastes
2	management;
3	(b) examine any article found pursuant to paragraph (a) of this
4	subsection, which appears to him to be an article to which this Bill or the
5	regulations made under apply or anything which he reasonably believes is
6	capable of being used to the detriment of the environment in the petroleum
7	sector;
8	(c) take a sample or specimen of any article to which this Bill or the
9	regulations apply or which he has power to examine under paragraph (b) of
10	this subsection;
11	(d) open and examine, pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection,
12	any container or package which he reasonably believes may contain
13	anything to which this Bill or its regulations apply or which may help in his
14	investigations;
15	(e) examine any book, document or other record found pursuant to
16	paragraph (a) of this subsection, which he reasonably believes may contain
17	any information relevant to the enforcement of this Bill or the regulations
18	and make copies thereof or extracts there from;
19	(f) seize and detain for such time as may be necessary for the
20	purpose of this Bill, any articles by means of or in relation to which he
21	reasonably believes any provision of this Bill or the regulations has been
22	contravened; and
23	(g) obtain an order of a court to suspend activities, seal and close
24	down premises including land, vehicle, tent well head, vessel, floating craft
25	and oil gas facilities or any inland waters and other structure whatsoever.
26	(2) A written receipt shall be given for any article or thing seized
27	under subsection (1) of this section and the reasons for such seizure shall be
28	stated on such receipt.
29	(3) An article seized under this Bill shall be kept or stored in such a

place as the officer of the Agency may direct and shall be returned to the

	I owner or the person from where it was seized if the article upon analysis or
•	2 examination is found to conform with the requirements of this Bill or
	3. regulations made under it.
	4 (4) An article seized by an officer of the Agency in pursuance of this
á:	5 Bill or the regulation made under it, may be submitted to an analyst for
;	6 analysis or examination and the analyst upon making such analysis or
•	7 examination shall, issue a certificate or report in the prescribed form, setting
	8 forth the result of such analysis or examination and the officer of the Agency
	9 shall, on demand, deliver a copy of such certificate or report to the owner of the
	article if the article is to be subject of a proceeding under this Bill or regulations
	II there under.
	12 (5) In this section, the expression "article" to which this Bill or
	13 regulations made under it apply are:
	14 (a) liquid, soil, vegetation;
	15 (b) biological and chemical samples; and
	16 (c) such ther articles or samples as may be determined by the
•	17 Agency.
Offences and penalties t	18 28(1) A person who obstructs an officer of the Agency in the
•	19 performance of his duties under sections 5, 6 and 7 of this Bill commits an
	20 offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not less than N300,000 for an
	21 individual or to imprisonment for a term not less than 2 years or to both three sec
	22 imprisonment, and an additional fine of N50,000 for each day th
	23 subsists and in the case of a body corporate, it shall be liable on conviction for a
	24 fine of N5,000,000 and an additional fine of N500,000 for each day the office each
	25 subsists.
	26 (2) Any person who contravenes the provision of any regulations
	27 made under this Bill is guilty of an offence and is liable on conviction to the
	28 penalties specified in the regulations.
Conduct of	29 29(1) A suit shall not be commenced against the Agency beased the
proceedings	30 expiration of a period of one month, after written notice of inten-

commence the suit shall have been served on the Agency by the intending plaintiff or his agent.

- (2) Subject to the provisions of section 174 of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999, (which relates to the power of the Attorney-General of the Federation to institute, continue or discontinue criminal proceedings against any person in a court of law), any officer of the Agency may, with the consent of the Attorney-General of the Federation, conduct criminal proceedings in respect of offences under this Bill or regulations made under this Bill.
- (3) In a judicial proceeding for an offence under this Bill or any regulation made under it, the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Act or depending on the venue, the Criminal Procedure Code shall, with such modification as the circumstance may require, apply in respect of such matter to the same extent as they apply to the trial of offences generally.

30.-(1) Any written law in force immediately before the coming into force of this Bill relating to oil, oily wastes pollution management and gas leakages in the petroleum sector shall have effect subject to modifications as may be necessary to bring into conformity with the provisions of this Bill and where the provision of any such law is inconsistent with any provision of this Bill, the provision of this Bill shall prevail, and that other law shall be void to the extent of its inconsistency.

(2) Any written law in force immediately before the coming into force of this Bill conferring oil, oily wastes pollution management and gas leakages functions on any other establishment or agency in the petroleum sector is hereby repealed to the extent of its duplication.

31.-(1) In the exercise of its functions under this Bill, the Agency may demand by requisition from any person or organization, any available equipment, facilities or personnel which may assist in a speedy and effective cleaning and rescue operation during an oil spill disaster.

(2) Any person or organization that-

Existing laws

Requisition, etc.

C 10

with crude oil or gas, excluding those condensed or extracted

30

1	hydrocarbons that are liquid at normal temperatures and pressure conditions
2	such as stabilized or field condensate, including the residue gas remaining
3	after the condensation or extraction of the liquid hydrocarbon from gas;
4	"Governing Board" means the National Oil Pollution Management
5	Governing Board of the Agency established under section 2 of this Bill;
6	"member" means a member of the Governing Board of the Agency and
7	includes the Chairman;
8	"Minister" means the Minister charged with responsibilities for matters
9	relating to environment;
10	"Ministry" shall be construed accordingly;
11	"officer" means any employee of the Agency;
12	"oil" means mineral oil (or any related hydrocarbon) or natural gas as it
13	exists in its natural state in strata, and does not include coal or bituminous
14	shade or other stratified deposits from which oil can be extracted by
15	destructive distillation but including premium motor spirit, automotive gas
16	oil, low/high pour, fuel oil, aviation fuel, kerosene, liquefied petroleum
17	gases and any lubrication oil or grease or other lubricant oil in its natural
18	state before it has been refined or treated;
19	"oil spill responder" includes Clean Nigeria Associates (Oil Companies
20	Cooperative), Oil Spill Response Limited (OSRL) or any other oil spill
21	response contractors; and
23	"release" means any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting,
79.7	emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, discarding
24.	or disposing into the environment;
25	"remediation" means the process of remedying or restoring an area or
26	situation to its natural (or as close to natural as possible) state;
27	The ℓ means operational type spills, less than or equal to 7 tones (50 bbls), .
28	that may occur at or near a company's own facilities, as a consequence of its
1/143	own activities; and
30	"Tier 2" means a larger spill, greater that 7 tonnes (50 bbls) but less than 700

- tonnes (5000 bbls), in the vicinity of a company's facilities where resources . 1
 - 2 from another company, industry and possible government response agencies in
 - 3 the area can be called in on a mutual aid basis;
 - 4 "Tier 3" means a larger spill, greater than 700 tonnes (500bbb) where
 - substantial further resources will be required and support from a Nation (Tier 5
 - 3) or international cooperative stockpile, like the Oil spill Response Ltd 6
 - 7 (OSRL) may be necessary. It is likely that such operation would be subject to
- 8 Government control or even direction.

Short title

9

- 14. This Bill may be cited as the National Oil Pollution Management
- Agency (Establishment, Etc.) (Amendment) Bill, 2018.

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

(This note does not form part of the above Bill but is intended to explain its purport)

This Bill amends the National Oil Spill Detection and Response Agency (Establishment, Etc.) Act 2006 to provide, among other things, statutory power for the Agency to charge adequate fines, introduce criminal offences and penalties in order to ensure strict compliance with all existing environmental legislation in the petroleum sector.