# LEGISLATIVE HOUSES (POWERS AND PRIVILEGES)

(AMENDMENT BILL), 2016

## ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

### Clause:

- 1. Amendment Section
- 2. Repeal Section
- 3. Citation

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# **A BILL**

## FOR

AN ACT TO AMEND THE LEGISLATIVE HOUSES (POWERS AND PRIVILEGES)

ACT CAP L12 LAWS OF FEDERATION OF NIGERIA TO MAKE MORE

STRINGENT THE OFFENCE OF FAILURE TO ATTEND INVESTIGATIVE

HEARINGS OF LEGISLATIVE HOUSES AND FOR RELETED MATTERS

Sponsored by Hon. Karimi S. Sunday

Commencement

Amendment

Section

BE IT ENACTED by the National Assembly of the Federal Republic of Nigeria as follows:

1. The Legislative Houses (Powers and Privileges) ACT CAP L12 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, is in this Bill referred to as the Principal Act and is amended by inserting immediately after the existing section 6 the following new sections 6A and 6B as follows:

"6A CONTEMPT OF LEGISLATIVE HOUSE:

Whenever a Person having been summoned to appear before a Legislative House in consonance with the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria and Section 6 of the Principal Act, and such a Person refuses to comply with the summons or fails to attend the investigative hearing of the legislative House or refuses to tender documents required by the Legislative House without making any explanation to the satisfaction of the Legislative House, or attends such investigative hearing but fails to answer questions directed at him and such person does not fall within the provisions of section 8 of the Principal Act, such a person shall be guilty of the contempt of the Legislative House and shall upon contains be punishable with One Year Imprisonment or a fine of One Million (N1,000,000.00) or both.

6B ENFORCEMENT OF CONTEMPT OF LEGISLATIVE HOUSE:

(1) A Legislative House may enforce Contempt against it by either

of the following ways:

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(a) By the Legislative House evoking its powers to compel the attendance of the Person at the Plenary of the Legislative House by a warrant executed by the a Police officer or Sergeant-At-Arms of the legislative House, 4 where the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House shall preside and the legislative House shall at plenary put questions to the person on the issue of 6 the disobedience of the Summons and if found guilty the said legislative House shall by a simple majority vote resolve the issue against him and commit him to 8 the Custody of the Sergeant-At-Arms until he purges himself of the Contempt by complying with the Summons of the legislative House: 10 Provided that at the Hearing of the Contempt Proceedings at the Plenary of the legislative House in the manner aforesaid, such a Person shall be entitled to be heard and shall also be entitled to appear with a legal Representative of his Choice. 14 (b) By the Investigating Committee of the House reporting the failure 15 of the Person to comply with the House Summons to the legislative House 16 when the House is in session, and when not in session, a statement of fact constituting such failure is reported to and deposited with the President of the 18 Senate or the Speaker of the House as the case may be and the President of the Senate or Speaker of the House shall certify, the statement of facts aforesaid under the seal of the Senate or House, as the case may be and forward same to 21 the Attorney General of the Federation, whose duty shall be to prosecute such persons alleged of contempt of the legislative House. (c) By the legislative House resolving at Plenary to file a suit at the 24 Federal High Court seeking a declaration that the person in disobedience of the summons of the legislative House is obliged to obey the summons of the House and be ordered to comply with the said summons within seven days or be guilty 27 of contempt of the Federal High Court and punished accordingly. 28 29 Whenever the Attorney General of the Federation receives a

Statement of Fact of Contempt of a Legislative House and a direction to

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prosecute the person alleged of contempt as aforesaid in subsection (1) paragraph (b) of this Section, and the Attorney General refuses to prosecute the person so cited for contempt of a Legislative House, the refusal to prosecute by the Attorney General shall itself constitute Contempt of the 4 Legislative House and the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House shall institute a civil suit against the Attorney General at the Federal 6 High Court in consonance with Subsection (1) paragraph(c) of this Section". Repeal of 2. Section 11 of the Principal Act is hereby repealed by this 8 Section 11 of the Principal Act Section. 9 3. This Bill may be cited as the Legislative Houses (Powers and Citation 10 Privileges) Amendment Bill, 2016. 11 EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

This bill seeks to amend the Legislative Houses (Powers and Privileges) Act Cap 12 Laws of Federation of Nigeria to provide for a procedure to enforce the summons of legislative houses in Nigeria.