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A BILL

FOR

AN ACT TO REPEAL LEGISLATIVE HOUSES (POWERS AND PRIVILEGES) ACT, CAP. L12 LFN, 2004, AND ENACT LEGISLATIVE POWERS AND PRIVILEGES ACT 2016 IN ORDER TO GIVE THE LEGISLATURE THE DESIRED POWERS AND IMMUNITY TO BE ABLE TO CARRY OUT ITS LEGISLATIVE RESPONSIBILITY AND FOR RELATED MATTERS CONCERNED THEREWITH, 2016

Sponsored by Hon. Evelyn Oboro

	l j	Commencement
	ENACTED by the National Assembly of the Federal Republic of	
	Nigeria-	
1	1. Criminal or civil proceeding shall not be instituted against a	Immunity from litigation
2	Member of the Legislative House in respect of words spoken or written at	ntigation
3	the plenary session or at Committee proceedings of the Legislative House.	
4	Schedule.	
5	2. A Legislative House or a Committee shall have power to	Power to summor
6	summon any person in Nigeria to come and testify, give account, tender a	a Willess
7	document or any other record in evidence, in the possession or under control	
8	of that person, as provided in the schedule.	
9	3(1) The summons issued under clause 2 of this Bill, shall be	Issue and service of summons
10	signed by the Clerk of the House or Committee issuing out the summons and	GI SEITHIONS
11	shall contain the:	
12	(a) time and venue where the person is expected to appear; and	
13	(b) nature of document, account or record the person is required to	
14	produce.	
15	(2) The summons shall be served at the person's office or residence	
16	or his last known place of abode or business, either personally, by registered	
17	mail, or by pasting at the door or wall of the person and giving the person at	

least 5 clear days within which the person is expected to appear. 1 Schedule. 2 4.-(1) Where a person whom a summons under clause 3 of this Bill is Power to issue 3 wanant to compel attendance directed, does not attend as scheduled, the President or the Speaker of the 4 Legislative House may, upon being satisfied that the summons was duly 5 served, issue a warrant to a police officer or Sergeant-At-Arms, to apprehend 6 the person and bring him before the issuing authority. 7 (2) The President or the Speaker may by endorsement on the warrant 8 direct that the person named on the warrant be released after the arrest, on 9 entering into recognizance before the issuing authority. 10 5. A Legislative House or a Committee may examine a witness on Witness may be 11 examined on oath oath which the Clerk is authorized to administer. 12 6. A person summoned before a Legislative House or a Committee to Privilege of a 13 witness. CAP. E14 testify, give an account, produce any document or record shall be entitled to, 14 where necessary, privileges on-15 (a) communication related to unpublished official record of Armed 16 17 Forces: (b) any evidence protected by the Evidence Act; and 18 19 (c) any evidence protected by any law regulating the affairs of a 20 profession. 21 7. A person who gives false evidence before a Legislative House or a False evidence Caps. C38 and P3 LFN, 2004 Committee while answering question, put to the person, shall be liable on 22. 23 conviction under the Criminal or Penal Codes. 8.-(1) A Member of a Legislative House shall not be obstructed or 24 Obstruction of members of the legislative house 25 hindered from gaining entrance into the legislative chambers. 26 (2) A person who-27 (a) hinders the movement of a Member of a Legislative House into the 28 chambers or precincts of a Legislative House; 29 (b) interferes or disobey the order given by an officer of a Legislative 30 House in performing his official functions;

1	(c) creates any disturbance which interrupts or is likely to interrupt	
2	the proceedings of a Legislative House; or	
3	(d) sits or votes in a Legislative House while the person is not a	
4	member of a Legislative House,	
5	commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding	
6	N100,000.00 or 6 months imprisonment or both.	
7	9. An answer by a person to a question put by a Committee of a	Answers in
8	Legislative House shall not, except in the case of criminal proceedings for	committee not to be admissible in proceedings
9	the offence of perjury in the or an offence against this Bill, be in any	proceedings
10	proceedings, civil or criminal, admissible in evidence against him.	
11	10. An officer of a Legislative House may, with or without an order	Power of arrest
12	from a Court and warrant of arrest, as provided in the schedule to this Bill,	
13	arrest any person-	
14	(a) who commits an offence contrary to the provision of this Bill; or	
15	(b) within the chamber or its precincts whom he reasonably	
16	suspects of having committed an offence contrary to the provision of this	
17	Bill.	
18	11. The President or the Speaker of a Legislative House may, at	Ejection of a perso
19	any time, order for the ejection of a stranger or any other person from the	its precincts
20	chamber or its precincts.	
21	12. A person who-	Influencing
22	(a) offers a member or officer, of a Legislative House, any bribe,	members
23	fee, compensation, reward or benefit of any kind in order to influence him in	
24	his conduct in respect of promotion of or opposition to any Bill, resolution,	
25	or report submitted or intended to be submitted to the Legislative House; or	
26	(b) threatens to make use of force, violence, restraint or inflict any	
27	injury or damage against a Member or officer of a Legislative House in order	
28	to compel such Member to declare himself in favour of or against any matter	
29	pending or being expected,	
30	commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of	

N500,000.00 or 2 years imprisonment or both. 1 13. A Member of a Legislative House who accepts or agrees to accept 2 Acceptance of bribe bribe or attempt to obtain for himself or for other person any bribe, fee, 3 compensation, reward or benefit of any kind for speaking or refraining from 4 speaking, voting or refraining from voting, or influencing any report submitted 5 or intended to be submitted to the Legislative House, commits an offence and 6 shall be liable on conviction to a fine of N500, 000.00 or 2 years imprisonment 7 8 or both. Contempt of a 9 14. A person wholegislative house (a) publishes a report of a Committee before it is laid to the Legislative 10 11 House in plenary session; (b) assaults or obstructs a Members of a Legislative House within the 12 13 chamber or its precincts; (c) assaults or obstructs a Member of a Legislative House while in 14 execution of his duties; 15 (d) fails to answer the question put to him in the proceedings of the 16 17 Legislative House; or (e) refuses to abide by laid down procedure of a particular proceeding 18 of a Legislative House, or its Committee, 19 commits contempt of the Legislative House. 20 (2) Where a Member is guilty of contempt of Legislative House, the 21 House may by resolution reprimand such member or suspend him from service 22 of the House, without pay, for such period as may be determined by the House, 23 but not to the end of a legislative session. 24 (3) Where a person is found guilty of contempt of Legislative House, 25 the person shall be liable to a fine of N500,000.00 or 2 years imprisonment or 26 27 both. 15. A suspended Member of a Legislative House, pursuant to clause Restriction on 28 suspended member 14 (2) of this Bill, shall not enter or remain within the chamber or its precincts 29 while the suspension remains in force. 30

1	16. No evidence relating to any of the following matters, that is to	Restriction on
2	say-	evidence as to certain matters
3	(a) debates or other proceedings in a Legislative House;	
4	(b) the contents of the minutes of evidence taken or any documents	
5	laid before a Committee of a Legislative House or any proceedings or	
6	examinations held before any such Committee, by any Member or officer of	
7	the House or any shorthand-writer employed to take minutes of any such	
8	evidence or proceedings or, in respect of any of the matters specified in	
9	paragraph (b) of this section, by any person who was a witness before the	
10	Committee shall be admissible in any proceedings before a court or person	
11	authorised by law to take evidence unless the court or such last-mentioned	
12	person is satisfied that permission has been given by the President or	
13	Speaker, as the case may be, of the House or the Chairman of the Committee	
14	(as the case may require) for such evidence to be given.	
15	17. A person who publishes any-	Prohibition of
16	(a) statement which falsely or scandalously defames a Legislative	certain statements
17	House or any Committee;	
18	(b) writing reflecting on the character of the President or, Speaker,	
19	or Chairman of a Committee of a Legislative House in the conduct of his	
20	duty; or	
21	(c) writing containing a gross, willful or scandalous	
22	misrepresentation of the proceedings of the Legislative House,	
23	commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of	
24	N2,000,000.00 or 12 months imprisonment or both.	
25	18. A person who falsely prints or cause to be printed a copy of	Printing false
26	any Act, Law, Committee report, or votes and proceedings of a Legislative	copies of laws or proceedings
27	House as purporting to have been printed by the approved printer or by the	
28	authority of the Legislative House, commits an offence and shall be liable on	
29	conviction to a fine of N2,000,000.00 or 12 months imprisonment or both.	

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Protection of	1	19(1) Any person, being a defendant in any civil or criminal
persons responsible for publications	2	proceedings instituted for or on account of or in respect of the publication by
authorised by a legislative house	3	such person or by his servant, by order or under the authority of a Legislative
	4	House any reports, papers, minutes, votes or proceedings, may, on giving to the
	5	plaintiff or prosecutor, as the case may be, twenty-four hours' written notice of
	6	his intention, bring-
	7	(a) before the court in which such civil or criminal proceedings are
	8	being held a certificate under the hand of the President or Speaker of a
	9	Legislative House stating that the reports, papers, minutes, votes or
	10	proceedings in respect of which such Civil or Criminal proceedings have been
	11	instituted were published by such person or his servant by order or under the
	12	authority of a Legislative House;
	13	(b) an affidavit verifying such certificate.
	14	(2) The court shall thereupon immediately stay such or criminal
	15	proceedings and the same and every process issued therein shall be deemed to
	16	be finally determined.
Powers of President, Speaker	17	20. The powers of the President, Speaker or Chairman, as the case
or Chairman to be supplementary to	18	may be, of a Legislative House or a Committee of a Legislative House
powers otherwise conferred	19	conferred by this Bill shall be supplementary to any powers conferred on him
	20	by the constitution, or by Standing Orders.
Pre-action notice	21	21. A person who has cause of action against a Legislative House
	22	shall serve 3 months written notice to the office of the Clerk of the Legislative
	23	House disclosing the cause of action and relief sought.
Notification of	24	22. Where a Member of a Legislative House is arrested or detained
arrest of members of legislative house	25	upon warrant or order of court or sentenced by court, the court shall,
	26	immediately, notify the President or Speaker of the Legislative House.
Civil process not to be served in	27	
chamber or precincts	28	(a) Court processes or orders shall not be served or executed in the
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	30	(b) a Member of a Legislative House shall not be arrested in the

1	chamber or precincts of a Legislative House.	
2	24. The Legislative Houses (Powers and Privileges) Act, CAP. L12	Repeal
3	LFN, 2004 is repealed.	:
4	25. In this Bill-	Interpretation
5	"Chamber" means where the members of the Legislative House sits;	
6	"Committee" means the committee set up by the leadership of a Legislative	
7	House;	
8	"issuing authority" means the authority responsible for issuing summons or	
9	warrant of arrest;	
10	"Legislative House" means the National and States Houses of Assembly;	
11	"officer" include staff of the Legislative House;	
12	"precincts" means the offices of the Legislative House and its premises;	
13	"President" means head of members of the Senate of the National Assembly;	
14	"Speaker" means the head of House of representatives of the National	
15	Assembly and States Houses of Assembly.	
16	26. This Bill is cited as the Legislative House (Powers and	Citation
17	Privileges\Rill 2016	

SCHEDULES

FIRST SCHEDULE

FORMS OF SUMMONS AND WARRANT OF ARREST

(Clauses 2 and 3)

FORM NO.1
Summons
SUMMONS NO:
IN THE LEGISLATIVE HOUSE OF:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
YOU ARE SUMMONED to appear before the
(State the Legislative House) for the following reason:
(List reason for Summons; e.g. information or complaint, render evidence)
YOU ARE ORDERED TO REPORT on20 ata.m./p.m.
LOCATE DAT:
,
IF YOU FAIL TO APPEAR AS ORDERED, A WARRANT MAY BE ISSUED
FOR YOUR ARREST
Date:
Issuing Authority
CERTIFICATE OF PERSONAL SERVICE
I swear that I personally served this summons as follows:
Date Received: Time Served:
Person Served:
Location where served:
Person Serving summons

CERTIFICATE OF SHRVICE BY MAILING
I certify that a copy of this document was sent to
Through(State the name of the courier).
Date:
Person Serving Summons
SECOND SCHEDULE
(Clause 4)
FORM NO.2
WARRANT OF ARREST
To:
Complaint has been made on, 20 that
(defendant) on,20
did
And the defendant was summoned to appear before the
Legislative House) sitting aton,20
ata.m./p.m. to answer to the summons.
The defendant was duly served with the summons, but failed to appear.
You are commanded to arrest and bring the defendant before the
(State the Legislative House) sitting at
To answer the said complaint.
Date:
Arresting Officer

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

This Bill seeks to repeal Legislative Houses (Powers and Privileges) Act, Cap. L12 LFN, 2004, and enact legislative powers and privileges act 2014 in order to give the legislature the desired powers and immunity to be able to carry out its legislative responsibility.