[HB. 15.11.147] C 2419

### SECURED TRANSACTIONS IN MOVABLE ASSETS BILL, 2015

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**Explanatory Notes** 

# **ABILL**

## FOR

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR SECURED TRANSACTIONS, REGISTRATION AND REGULATION OF SECURITY INTEREST IN MOVABLE ASSETS AND FOR RELATED MATTERS, 2015

Sponsored by Hon. Ossai Nicholas Ossai

		Commencemen
	ENACTED by the National Assembly of the Federal Republic of	
	Nigeria as follows:	
1	PART I - OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE	
2	1. The objectives of this Act are to:	Objectives
3	(a) enhance financial inclusion in Nigeria;	
4	(b) stimulate responsible lending to micro, small and medium	
5	enterprises;	
6	(c) facilitate access to credit secured with movable assets;	
7	(d) facilitate perfection of Security Interests in movable assets;	
8	(e) facilitate realization of Security Interests in movable assets; and	
9	(f) establish a Collateral Registry and provide for its operations.	
10	2(1) This Act shall apply to:	Scope
11	(a) all Security Interests in movable assets created by an agreement	
12	that secures payment or the performance of an obligation;	
13	(b)\a person who is a Creditor, Borrower or Grantor under this Act;	
14	and	
15	(c) all financing and operating leases entered into after the	
16	commencement of this Act.	
17	(2) This Act shall not apply to:	
18	(a) any right of set-off;	
19	(b) the creation or transfer of an Interest in land other than account	
20	receivables; and	

	1	(c) any interest created by a transfer, assignment or mortgage in
	2	movable property governed by a law for which a registry has been established
	3	with regards to ships and aircrafts.
•	4	(3) Nothing in this Act shall prevent the creation of security interest
	5	in the form of charges by companies registered under the CAMA.
	6	PART II - SECURITY INTERESTS
Creation of Security Interest	7	3(1) A Security Interest is created by a Security Agreement between
Security microst	8	a Grantor and Creditor.
	9	(2) The Security Interest in any asset acquired by a Grantor after the
	10	coming into force of the Security Agreement shall take effect without further
	11	consent or any other act of the Grantor at the moment the Grantor acquires such
	12	asset where:
	13	(a) the asset falls under the Collateral description in the Security
	14	Agreement; and
	15	(b) the Security Agreement provides that the Security Interest extends
	16	to the Grantor's present and future assets.
Grantor's rights in the Collateral	17	4(1) A Security Interest shall be created to the extent of the rights
	18	that the Grantor has in the Collateral.
	19	(2) A transfer of Account Receivable or Security Interest in an
	20	Account Receivable by a Grantor is effective:
	21	(a) between the Grantor and the Creditor; and
	22	(b) against the account debtor of the Account Receivable
	23	notwithstanding any agreement limiting the account debtor's right to create a
	24	Security Interest in or assign its Account Receivable.
	25	(3) Creation of a security interest in any movable asset is effective
	26	notwithstanding any agreement limiting the grantor's right to create
	27	such security interest.
Content of a Security Agreement	28	5. A Security Agreement shall:
-, <del>-</del>	29	(a) reflect the intention of the Grantor and Creditor to create a
	30	Security Interest;

1	(b) identify the Grantor and Creditor;	
2	(c) describe the secured obligation including the maximum amount	
3	for which the Security Interest is enforceable;	
4	(d) describe the Collateral adequately; and	
5	(e) indicate the tenor of the obligation secured.	
6	6(1) A description of a Collateral is adequate if it is described by:	Description of Collateral in a
7	(a) item, kind, type or category, year of manufacture or any other	Security Agreement
8	description that can identify the Collateral; or	
9	(b a statement that a Security Interest is taken in all the present and	
10	future assets of the Grantor.	
11	(2) A Security Interest shall extend to the identifiable or traceable	
12	proceeds of a Collateral, whether or not the Security Agreement contains a	
13	description of the proceeds.	
14	7(1) A security interest shall automatically continue in the	Continuation of
15	identifiable or traceable proceeds of the collateral, whether or not the	a Security Interest
16	security agreement contains a description of the proceeds.	
17	(2) A security interest created in tangible property before they	•
18	were commingled in a mass or product continues in the mass or product.	
19	8(1) A Security Interest is perfected when a Financing Statement	Perfection of
20	in respect of that Security Interest has been registered in the Collateral	Security Interest
21	Registry established under this Act.	
22	(2) For the purposes of this Act, a Secured Creditor may take	
23	possession of the Collateral but mere possession does not perfect the	
24	security interest.	
25	9(1) A security interest in any proceeds of the collateral is	
26	perfected automatically without any further action by the grantor or	Security Interest in Proceeds
27	the creditor when the proceeds arise or are acquired if:	
28	(a) The proceeds are described in the Financing Statement; or	
29	(b) The proceeds are in the form of money, accounts receivables,	
30	negotiable instruments or bank accounts.	

	l	(2) If the proceeds are not of the kind covered in the preceding sub
	2	section, the security interest will remain perfected if the Creditor registers an
	3	amendment adding a description of the asset that is proceeds within 15 days
	4	after they arose.
	5	Part III - National Collateral Registry
Establishment of	6	10(1) There is established in the Central Bank, a registry to be
the National Collateral Registry	7	known as the National Collateral Registry (in this Act referred to as "the
	8	Collateral Registry").
	9	(2) The Governor of the Central Bank of Nigeria shall appoint the
	10	Registrar and such other staff as may be required for the attainment of the
	11	objectives of this Act.
	12	(3) The Registrar shall supervise and administer the operations of the
	13	Collateral Registry.
Functions of the	14	11. The Collateral Registry shall:
Collateral Registry	15	(a) receive, register and store information about Security Interests in
	16	movable assets;
	17	(b) provide access to persons who may seek information on Security
	18	Interests from the Collateral Registry; and
	19	(c) perform such other functions as may be prescribed by Regulations
•	20	made under this Act.
	21	PART IV - REGISTRATION OF FINANCING STATEMENTS
Procedure for	22	12(1)A Financing Statement may be registered by or on behalf of a
registration of a Financing Statement	23	creditor at any time with the consent of the grantor as required under this Act.
	24	(2) A Financing Statement is registered when a unique registration
	25	number, date and time are assigned to it by the Collateral Registry.
	26	(3) The Collateral Registry shall, after a Financing Statement has
	27	been registered, issue a Confirmation Statement to the Creditor who files the
Compone to	28	Financing Statement for registration.
Consent to Register a Financing	29	13(1) Registration of an initial financing statement is ineffective
Statement	30	unless the Grantor consented to it in writing.

1	(2) A security agreement in accordance with Section 4 is sufficient	
2	to constitute consent by the Grantor for the registration of an initial or	
3	amendment financing statement covering the collateral described therein.	
4	(3) The Grantor may give consent in writing to register a financing	
5	statement prior to the conclusion of a security agreement.	
6	(4) Registration of an Amendment Financing Statement is	
7	ineffective unless consented to by the Grantor in writing if the Amendment	
8	Financing Statement:	
9	(a) Adds a description of new collateral;	
10	(b) or	
11	(c) Adds a new Grantor unless the new Grantor is a transferee of the	
12	collateral already described in the registration.	
13	14(1) A creditor shall provide in a Financing Statement the	Contents of a
14	following information:	Financing Stateme
15	(a) Grantor type description: individual, micro, small or large	
16	business;	
17	(b) In the case of a Company, Co-operative or registered Business	
18	Name, the unique identification number which shall be the Corporate	
19	Affairs Commission registration number or other registration number	
20	issued by the appropriate authority for registering these types of debtors;	
21	(c) In the case of an individual, the unique identification number	
22	derived from approved biometric based identification, gender, name,	
23	address including telephone and date of birth;	
24	(d) the name and address of the creditor or its representative;	
25	(e) a description of the collateral;	
26	(f) the maximum amount for which the secured obligation may be	
27	enforced;	•
28	(g) the period of time for which the registration is to be effective,	
29	and	
30	(h) such other information as the Registrar may consider necessary.	

	1	(2) A financing statement may in addition also identify a Borrower
	2	according to the preceding sub section even if that person has not created a
	3	security interest.
	4	(3) If there is more than one grantor or creditor, the required
	5	information must be entered in the designated field separately for each grantor
	6	or creditor.
	7	(4) If the grantor is an individual who is neither a citizen nor a
	8	resident of Nigeria, the secured creditor shall enter the debtor's name and
	9	unique identification number that appear on the Grantor's passport issued by
	10	a Foreign Government or any other document as the Central Bank of
	11	Nigeria may prescribe from time to time.
Description of Collateral	12	15(1) The Financing Statement must include a description of the
Collaterar	13	collateral that reasonably allows its identification.
	14	(2) A description of collateral is sufficient if the collateral is described
	15	by:
•	16	(a) item, kind, type or category; or
	17	(b) a statement that a security interest is taken in all of the Grantor's
	18	present and after-acquired property; or
	19	(c) any other description that reasonably identifies the collateral.
	20	(3) If a financing statement covers serial-numbered goods it must
	21	contain information of the serial number, in addition to the information as
	22	defined in sub section 2 above.
	23	(4) Serial-numbered goods that are held as inventory need not be
	24	described by a serial number. A description of serial-numbered goods held as
	25	inventory is sufficient if it satisfies the requirements of sub section 2.
Error in a Financing Statement	26	16(1)Subject to Section 10 of this Act, a registered Financing
	27	Statement shall be ineffective if there is an error in:
	28	(a) the unique identification number of the Grantor; or
	29	(a) the serial number of the Collateral that causes the registration not
	30	to be retrieved in a search.

1	(2) Where a registered Financing Statement contains information	
2	on multiple Grantors or Collaterals, an error in:	
3	(a) the unique identification number of the Grantor shall render the	
4	registration ineffective only with respect to that Grantor; or	
5	(b) the serial number of a Collateral shall render the registered	
6	Financing Statement ineffective only with respect to the Collateral	
7	identified by such serial number.	
8	17(1) An error in:	Consequential of
9	(a) the name or address of the Grantor;	other Errors in the Registration
10	(b) the maximum amount for which the security interest may be	
11	enforced; or	
12	(c) the name or address of the creditor does not render the	
13	registered Financing Statement ineffective.	
14	(2) An error in the collateral description other than in the serial	
15	number may render the registered Financing Statement ineffective with	
16	respect to that collateral if the error seriously misleads the searcher.	
17	(3) An incorrect description of some collateral shall not render the	
18	registered Financing Statement ineffective with respect to other collateral	
19	sufficiently described.	
20	(4) An error in other information does not render the registered	
21	Financing Statement ineffective.	
22	18(1) The registered Financing Statement shall be valid until-	Duration of a
23	(a) the expiration of the term specified in the Financing Statement;	Projetered Financin Statement
24	(b) its cancellation, whichever comes first.	
25	(2) Duration of a registered Financing Statement may be renewed	
26	or extended by an amendment of the Financing Statement before its	
27	expiration.	
28	(3) No information shall be deleted from the Registry, whether or	
29	not an Amendment Financing Statement cancelling the registered Financing	
30	Statement has been registered.	

	1	(4) An expired registered Financing Statement shall be maintained in
	2	the Registry and searchable by the public for 6 months following its expiration
	3	after which it shall be kept in the archive.
	4	(5) A cancelled or expired registered Financing Statement shall be
•	5	identified as such in a search.
Amendment of a registered	6	19(1) A registered Financing Statement may be amended by a
Financing Statement	7	Creditor upon the registration of an Amendment Financing Statement.
	8	(2) An amendment to a registered Financing Statement that adds a
	9	Collateral or a new Grantor is effective as to the added Collateral or the added
	10	Grantor only from the date and time when the Amendment Financing
	11	Statement is registered.
	12	. (3) An amendment to a registered Financing Statement shall be in
	13	accordance with Regulations made under this Act.
Unauthorised Transfer of a	14	20. Where a collateral described in a registered Financing Statement
Collateral	15	is transferred and the secured creditor registers an Amendment Financing
	16	Statement adding the transferee as a new grantor within 15 days after the
	17	Secured Creditor becomes aware of the transfer, the security interest shall
(	18	retain its perfection and priority.
Cancellation of a registered	19	21(1) A registered Financing Statement may be cancelled upon the
Financing Statement	20	filing of a Cancellation Statement by a Creditor.
	21	(2) A Creditor shall file a Cancellation Statement within 15 working
	22	days of receiving a request for cancellation from the Grantor or the Borrower
	23	only where:
	24	(a) all obligations under the Security Agreement have been
	25	performed; and
	26	(b) there is no commitment to make future advances.
	27	(3) The Cancellation Statement shall include:
	28	(a) the registration number of the initial Financing Statement to which
	29	the Cancellation Statement relates;
•	30	(b) identification of the Creditor authorising the cancellation; and

	1	(c) such other information as may be prescribed by Regulations	
	2	made under this Act.	
•	3	(4) Where a Creditor fails to comply with the request of the	
	4	Borrower or the Grantor, either the Borrower or the Grantor may appeal to	
	5	the Registrar showing cause as to why the registered Financing Statement	
	6	should be cancelled.	
	7	(5) The Registrar shall give notice of the appeal referred to in sub	
	8	section (4) of this section to the Creditor before taking a decision on the	
	9	appeal.	
	10	(6) The Creditor shall have a right to respond within 7 days of the	
	11	receipt of the notice of appeal.	
	12	(7) The decision of the Registrar on the request shall be final and he	
	13	shall give effect to his decision.	
	14	22(1) A person may conduct a search in the Registry for	Search of Information in
	15	information provided in registered Financing Statements according to	the Registry
	16	criteria set in (3).	
	17	(2) A person who conducts a search pursuant to sub-section (1) of	
	18	this Section shall be entitled to a search result upon payment of such fees as	
	19	may be prescribed by Regulations made under this Act.	
	20	(3) The criteria for search under this Section shall be:	
	21	(a) the unique biometric-based identifier of the Grantor,	
	22	(b) the serial number of the collateral, or;	
	23	(c) such other criterion as may be prescribed by Regulations.	
	24	PART V - PRIORITY OF A SECURITY INTEREST	
	25	23. The priority between perfected Security Interests in the same	Priority of
	26	Collateral shall be determined by the order of registration.	Security Interests
	27	24(1) Subject to Section 9, the priority of a Security Interest in a	Same priority for original Collatera
	28	Collateral and the proceeds derived from the Collateral shall be the same.	proceeds and advances
	29	(2) A security interest shall have the same priority in respect of all	
	30	secured obligations and advances, whether existing or future	

Transfer does not affect priority	1	25(1) A Secured Creditor may transfer a secured obligation
affect priority	2	notwithstanding any agreement with the Grantor or the Borrower limiting the
	3	right to transfer the secured obligation and without having to obtain consent o
	4	the Grantor or the Borrower.
	5	(2) A Security Interest that is transferred shall have the same priority
	6	as it had at the time of the transfer.
	7	(3) Transfer of a Security Interest perfected by registration is valid
	8	without registering an Amendment Financing Statement in the Registry.
Voluntary subordination of	9	26(1) A Creditor may enter into an agreement to subordinate its
priority	10	priority in favour of any other claimant.
	11	(2) Subordination is effective without registering an Amendment
	12	Financing Statement in the Registry.
	13	(3)An agreement to subordinate shall not adversely affect the rights of
	14	a person that is not a party to the agreement.
Priority of Purchase Money	15	27. A Purchase Money Security Interest in a Collateral or its proceeds
Security Interest and its proceeds	16	shall have priority over a non-Purchase Money Security Interest in the same
	17	Collateral created by the same Grantor if the Purchase Money Security Interest
	18	in the Collateral or its proceeds is perfected when the Grantor obtained
	19	possession of the Collateral.
Priority of Security Interests in	20	28(1)A perfected Security Interest in goods that subsequently
proceeds or co-mingled goods	21	become part of a product or mass shall continue as a perfected Security Interest
	22	in the product or mass if the goods are so manufactured, processed,
	23	assembled or co-mingled that their identity is lost in the product or mass.
	24	(2) If more than one Security Interest is perfected in the goods before
	25	they become part of a product or mass, the Security Interests rank equally in
	26	proportion to the value of the goods at the time they became part of the product
-	27	or mass.
Priority with espect to receipt	28	29(1)A Financial Institution's right of set-off shall have priority over
of Funds or Cash	29	a perfected Security Interest that extends to a deposit account.
	30	(2) A transferee of funds from a deposit account or cash other than

1	from a deposit account takes the funds or cash free of a Security Interest	
2	unless the transferee acts in collusion with the Grantor or the Borrower in	
3	violating the rights of the Creditor.	
4	(3) A Transferee of cash for the purpose of this section does not	
5	include a more bailee.	
6	30. A lien arising out of materials or services provided in the	Priority of holders
7	ordinary course of business in respect of goods that are subject to a Security	of liens
8	Interest shall have priority over that Security Interest.	-
9	31. A holder of a negotiable instrument or title document shall have	Priority of holders
10	priority over a perfected Security Interest in the negotiable instrument or the	of negotiable instruments and title documents
11	title document where the holder:	
12	(a) gave value;	
13	(b) acquired the negotiable instrument or the title document	
14	without knowledge that the transaction is in breach of the Security	
15	Agreement to which the Security Interest relates; and	
16	(c) took possession of the negotiable instrument or the title	
17	document.	
18	32(1) A buyer or lessee who acquires goods for value and receives	Rights of a buyer
19	possession of the goods shall take the goods free of an unperfected Security	or lessee of goods
20	Interest.	
21	(2) A buyer of goods sold in the ordinary course of business of the	
22	seller and a lessee of goods leased in the ordinary course of business of the	
23	lessor shall take the goods free of a Security Interest created by the seller or	
24	lessor unless the buyer or lessee knows that the sale or the lease constitutes a	
25	breach of the Security Agreement under which the Security Interest was	
26	created.	
27	33(1) The rights of an assignee of an Account Receivable shall be	Rights and Priority
28	subject to:	of Assignee
29	(a) the terms of the contract between the account debtor and the	
30	assignor and any defense or claim arising from the contract; and	

	1	(b) any other defense or claim of the account debtor against the
	2	assignor, including a defense by way of a right of set-off that accrues before the
	3	account debtor receives notification of the assignment.
	4	(2) Sub section (1) of this section shall not apply if the account debtor
	5	has made an enforceable agreement not to assert any right to claims arising out
	6	of the contract.
	7	(3) Priority between competing assignees is determined according to
	8	the time of registration in the Registry irrespective of the time when the
	9	account debtor receives a notification of the assignment.
Priority of Judgment Creditor	10	34(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Sherriff and Civil
	11	Process Act, Cap LFN 2004, a perfected security interest has priority over the
	12	rights of an unsecured creditor that has obtained a judgement or an order of
	13	attachment, unless the judgement creditor, before the security interest is
	14	perfected:
	15	(a) registers a financing statement;
	16	(b) seizes the collateral; or
	17	(c) serves a notice of its claim on the third party holding property for
	18	the debtor.
	19	(2) The priority of the security interest extends to credit disbursed by
	20	the creditor:
	21	(a) Before the expiry of (30) thirty days after the judgement creditor
	22	notified the creditor that it had taken the steps referred to in subsection (1); or
	23	(b) Pursuant to an irrevocable commitment in a fixed amount without
	24	any limitation if the commitment was made before the judgment creditor
	25	notified the creditor.
	26	PART VI - RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF A GRANTOR, BORROWER
	27	AND CREDITOR
Good faith and Commercial	28	35(1) All rights and duties that arise under this Act shall be exercised
Reasonableness	29	and discharged in good faith and in accordance with reasonable commercial
	30	standards.

1	(2)A person does not act in bad faith merely because he acts with	
2	knowledge of the security interest of some other person, unless he knows	
3	that his actions would violate rights of the other person.	
4	(3)A person in possession of an encumbered asset shall preserve	
5	the asset from damage, impairment and loss, excluding fair wear and tear	
6	having regard to the nature of the asset.	
7	36. Where a person fails to discharge a duty or obligation imposed	Entitlement to
8	by this Act, the person to whom the duty or obligation is owed shall have a	damages
9	right to recover damages for any loss or damage.	
10	37(1) A Creditor shall, not later than 15 working days after the	Creditor to provide confirmation
11	day on which the Confirmation Statement of the registration was received,	Statement to the Grantor and the
12	provide the Grantor and the Borrower a copy of the Confirmation Statement.	Вогтожег
13	(2) The Confirmation Statement may be sent in the same manner	
14	prescribed for giving notices under Section 42(2) of this Act.	
15	38(1) A Grantor or Borrower may request the Creditor to make	Provision of
16	available to any person, at an address specified by the Grantor or the	certain information by a Creditor
17	Borrower, any or all of the following:	
18	(a) a summary of the Security Agreement;	
19	(b) a statement in writing, of the amount of the indebtedness and	
20	the terms of payment of the indebtedness;	
21	(c) an itemised list of the Collateral, unless the Security Interest	
22	covers all the movable assets of the Grantor; or	
23	(d) a statement of account indicating the amount needed to fully	
24	satisfy the secured obligation.	
25	(2) Where a Creditor no longer has an Interest in the obligation	
26	secured or Collateral covered by the registration, the Creditor shall disclose,	
27	the name and address of the immediate successor in Interest or transferee	
28	and the latest successor in Interest or transferee, if known.	
29	(3) A Creditor shall comply with the request in sub-section (1) of	
30	this section within 10 working days of its receipt.	•

	1	(4) A Creditor may only charge the Grantor or the Borrower the
	2	reasonable costs for providing the information and the Grantor or the Borrower
	3	shall be entitled to one response free of charge every 6 months.
	4	PART VII - REALISATION OF SECURITY INTERESTS
Scope of the	5	40(1) In case of default, a Creditor may:
application of this part	6	(a) exercise his rights under this Act and in the Security Agreement; or
	7	(b) resort to any appropriate judicial remedy.
	8	(2) An operating lessor may enforce its rights under the Agreement or
	9	any other law governing the operating lease.
	10	(3) A holder of Purchase Money Security Interest may enforce its
	11	rights under this Act or any other law governing its rights.
	12	(4) An outright transferee of Account Receivable may enforce its
	13	rights under an agreement or any other law governing the transaction.
	14	(5) The remedies available under this Part are in addition to those
	15	available under the Companies and Allied Matters Act, including the right to
	16	appoint a receiver.
Repossession of Collateral	17	41(1)In case of default by a Borrower, a Creditor shall give the
Condicial	18	Borrower and the Grantor a notice of the default and intention to repossess the
	19	Collateral.
	20	(2) The notice referred to in sub section (1) of this section may be
	21	delivered by:
	22	(a) hand;
	23	(b) courier service;
	24	(c) electronic mail;
	25	(d) registered mail; or
	26	(e) any other means agreed to under the Security Agreement.
	27	. (3) The Creditor may, 10 days after sending the notice of default:
	28	(a) take possession of the Collateral; or
	29	(b) without taking possession, render the Collateral inoperative.
	30	(4) A Creditor may repossess a Collateral under this Act:

1	(a) pursuant to judicial process; or	
2	(b) without judicial process, if the Grantor consented to	
3	relinquishing possession without a court order in the Security Agreement.	
4	(5) In the case of repossession without judicial process, a Creditor	
5	may request for assistance from the Nigeria Police having authority within	
6	the location of the collateral.	
7	(6) The Nigeria Police shall provide assistance for the peaceable	
8	repossession of the collateral, upon presentation by the creditor of a copy of	
9	the relevant Security Agreement and duly certified Confirmation Statement.	
10	(7) A Creditor may require a Grantor to assemble the Collateral and	
11	make it available at a designated place.	
12	42. A Creditor may render a Collateral inoperative if the Collateral	Creditor may
13	is of a kind that cannot be easily moved from the Grantor's premises or is of a	render Collater Inoperative
14	kind for which adequate storage facilities are not easily available.	
15	43(1) A Creditor may collect and apply an Account Receivable,	Creditor may
16	money or a negotiable instrument taken as Collateral to the satisfaction of	collect Accoun Receivable
17	the obligation secured by the Security Interest if the Grantor or the Borrower	
18	is in default.	
19	(2) The secured creditor may notify the account debtor and collect	
20	payment even prior to default.	
21	44(1) A Creditor may dispose of a Collateral by sale, lease,	Creditor may
22	license or other form of disposal in its present condition or following any	dispose of a Collateral
23	commercially reasonable preparation or processing.	
24	(2) A Creditor may sell a Collateral in an auction, public tender,	
25	private sale or any other method provided for in the Security Agreement.	
26	(3) In exercising the power of sale, a Creditor shall obtain a	
27	reasonable price available at the time of the sale or disposal.	
28	(4) A Creditor may dispose of a Collateral on the Grantor's	
29	premises provided that it shall not cause any person in possession of the	
30	premises, other than the Grantor, any serious inconvenience.	

Notice of Sale of Collateral	1	45(1) A Creditor who intends to sell a Collateral shall not less than
	2	10 working days before selling the Collateral, send notice in the manner
	3	stipulated in section 41 (2) of this Act to the following:
•	4	(a) the Borrower;
	5	(b) the Grantor; and
	6	(c) any other Creditor who has registered a Financing Statement in
	7	respect of the Collateral before the Creditor repossessed the Collateral.
	8	(2) Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply where-
	9	(a) the Collateral may perish within 10 working days of the
	10	repossession;
	11	(b) the Creditor believes on reasonable grounds that the Collateral
	12	will decline substantially in value if it is not disposed of immediately;
	13	(c) the cost of care and storage of the Collateral is disproportionately
	14	large in relation to its value; or
	15	(d) the Collateral consists of Inventory or Farm Products.
Discharge of subordinate	16	46. If the Collateral has been sold under this Part, all Security
Security Interests	17	Interests in the Collateral that are subordinate to the Security Interest of the
	18	Creditor who sold the Collateral shall be discharged.
Creditor to give	19	47. A Creditor shall, within 15 working days after the sale of a
eccount	20	Collateral, give to the persons entitled to receive a notice of sale, a statement of
	21	account in writing, stating the:
	÷22	(a) amount realized from the sale;
	23	(b) amount of the costs of the sale; and
	24	(c) balance due to the Grantor or to the Creditor, as the case may be.
Distribution of	25	48(1)A Creditor who has sold a Collateral, shall, before applying the
roceeds of sale	26	amount realized from the sale towards the satisfaction of the debt or other
	27	obligation secured by the Security Interest, apply the proceeds of the sale
	28	towards the reasonable costs and expenses of the sale, and to the extent
-	29	provided for in an agreement other reasonable expenses.
	30	(2) The Creditor shall pay the following persons any surplus accrued

1	from the sale in the following order:	
2	(a) Creditors who have a subordinate Security Interest perfected	
3	by registration, in the order of their priority; and	
4	(b) the Grantor.	
5	(3) A Creditor may pay the surplus into the Court if there is a	
6	dispute as to who is entitled to receive payment pending a resolution of the	
7	matter.	
8	(4) A Borrower remains liable for any outstanding financial	
9	liabilities.	
10	49(1) At any time before a Creditor sells the Collateral, the	Right to redeem
11	Borrower, Grantor, or other Creditor may redeem the Collateral by:	the Collateral
12	(a) fulfillment of all the obligations secured by the Collateral; and	
13	(b) payment of any other reasonable expenses incurred by the	
14	Creditor.	
15	(2) A Grantor's right to redeem the Collateral shall have priority	
16	over any other person's right of redemption.	
17	50(1) At any time before a Creditor sells the Collateral, a	Reinstatement of
18	Borrower may reinstate the Security Agreement by-	Security Agreeme
19	(a) paying the sums owed;	
20	(b) remedying any other default; and	
21	(c) paying a sum equal to the reasonable expenses incurred by the	
22	Creditor.	
23	(2) Unless otherwise agreed, a Borrower shall not be entitled to	
24	reinstate a Security Agreement more than twice in each year.	
25	PART VIII - APPLICABLE LAW & CONFLICT OF LAW	
26	51(1) The law applicable to the creation, perfection and priority	Applicable Law
27	of a security interest in tangible property when the tangible asset is located in	
28	Nigeria is this Act.	
29	(2) If the tangible asset is of a type ordinarily used in more than one	
30	country, this Act applies if the Grantor is located in Nigeria.	

	1	(3) The law applicable to the creation, perfection and priority of a
	2	security interest in an intangible asset when the Grantor is located in Nigeria is
	3	this Act.
	4	(4) The law applicable to the creation, perfection and priority of
	5	security interest in proceeds is the law applicable to the creation, perfection and
	6	priority of the security interest in the original collateral from which the
	7	proceeds arose.
	8	(5) The law applicable to issues relating to the enforcement of a
	9	security interest in tangible goods is the law of the state where enforcement
	10	takes place.
	11	(6) The law applicable to issues relating to the enforcement of a
	12	security interest in intangible assets is the law of the state where the Grantor is
	13	located.
Law Governing	14	52. The law applicable to the mutual rights and obligations of the
the Security Agreement	15	grantor, the borrower and the secured party arising from their security
	16	agreement is the law chosen by the parties and, in the absence of a choice of
•	17	law, the law governing the security agreement.
Insolvency Proceedings	18	53. The commencement of insolvency proceedings under the relevant
riocccumgs	19	insolvency laws does not displace the conflict of laws provisions that
	20	determine the law applicable to the creation, perfection, priority and
	21	enforcement of a security interest.
Stamp Duties Act	22	54. The provisions of the Stamp Duties Act shall not apply to any
	23	secured transactions subject under this Act.
General	24	55(1) For the purposes of this Act, (a) the grantor is located in
	25	Nigeria if it has a place of business in Nigeria.
	26	(2) If the grantor does not have a place of business, reference is to be
•	27	made to the habitual residence of the grantor.
	28	(3) The location of the property or of the grantor shall be determined,
	29	for creation purposes, at the time of the creation of the security interest and, for
	30	perfection and priority purposes, at the time the issue arises.

1	56. Any action or proceeding as between parties arising out of a	Jurisdiction
2	transaction governed by this Act shall be actionable in a court within any	
3	State of the Federation vested with jurisdiction to entertain commercial I	
4	borrower and lender claims provided that nothing in this section shall	
5	derogate from the exclusive jurisdiction vested in the Federal High Court	
6	under the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria.	
7	PART IX - MISCELLANEOUS	
8	57. The Registrar shall fix, impose and review such fees and other	Fees and Charge
9	charges for services of the Registry as may be specified by Regulations	
10	made under this Act.	
11	58(1) A person who, being required to supply information for the	Offences and
12	registration, amendment or cancellation of a Financing Statement under this	Penalties
13	Act, knowingly provides a false or misleading information to the Registry,	
14	commits an offence and is liable on conviction to:	
15	(a) a term of imprisonment for 1 year or a fine of N100,000.00, or	
16	both; and in addition, where he has by his conduct benefitted financially,	
17	shall fully indemnify the Registry and the person affected by his conduct;	
18	(b) in the case of a corporation, partnership or other entity:	
19	(i) the Court may impose the penalty referred to in paragraph (a) of	
20.	this sub-section on every officer of the corporation, partnership or entity	
21	found to have facilitated or to have been personally responsible for the	
22	offence; and	
23	(ii) the corporation, partnership or entity shall be liable to a fine of	
24	N1,000,000.00.	
25	(2) If a grantor against whom a financing statement has been	
26	registered sells or otherwise disposes the asset to a third party without	
27	disclosing the fact of encumbrance commits an offence and is liable on	
28	conviction:	
29	(a) to a term of imprisonment of 1 year or a fine of N100,000.00, or	
30	both:	

	1	(b) where the offender has by his conduct benefitted financially, he
	2	shall, in addition to the fine and term of imprisonment specified in paragraph
	3	(a) of this sub-section, fully indemnify the Registry and the person affected by
	4	his conduct.
	5	(3) In this section, "False or misleading information" means the entry
	6	of information of facts required to assure the public of the truth and accuracy of
	7	the information by a person who knew that the entry is false in any material
	8	particular or is recklessly neglectful of the duty to ensure the truth or accuracy
	9	of the information supplied by that person.
Criminal Jurisdiction	10	59. All offences under this Act may be tried by a court of competent
Julisaletion	11	jurisdiction in the place where the offence is alleged to have been committed.
Grievance Procedure	12	60. A person aggrieved by any decision or action of the Registry may,
riocoddio	13	within 60 working days of the decision, give notice to the Registry addressed to
	14	the Registrar, to address the grievance and if no response or satisfactory
	15	response is obtained within 30 working days, the aggrieved person may appeal
	16	to the Court for judicial determination.
Rules and	17	61. The Registrar may from time to time make Rules and issue
Guidelines	18	guidelines for the proper administration of the Registry.
Transitional provisions	19	62(1) Security interests in movable assets created before the coming
provisions	20	into effect of this Act shall continue to remain valid and effective on the terms
	21	and conditions agreed to by the Grantor and Creditor.
	22	(2) Security interests in movable assets created by a Grantor under the
	23	Regulations, No.1, 2015 shall continue to remain valid and effective and be
	24	deemed to have been entered into under this Act if the transaction is still current
	25	and subsisting upon the coming into effect of this Act.
	26	(3) Transactions creating security interests referred to in subsections
	27	(2) of this section, shall be valid only for a period of 180 days after the
	28	commencement of this Act, unless financing statements in respect of those
	29	transactions are registered and brought into compliance with the provisions of
	30	this Act before the expiration of the period.

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1	63. The Governor may make Regulations generally to give full	Regulations
2	effect to the provisions of this Act.	
3	64. In this Act:	Interpretation
4	"Account Receivable" means a right to receive value arising from an	
5	obligation owed by an account debtor to the grantor including book debts	
6	but excluding a negotiable instrument;	
7	"Amendment Financing Statement" means a form in which information is	
8	entered to update the initial financing statement;	
9	"Borrower" means a person to whom credit is extended with a financial	•
10	obligation to repay under a Security Agreement;	
11	"Central Bank" means Central Bank of Nigeria;	
12	"Registrar" means the Registrar of the Collateral Registry;	
13	"Collateral" means movable property, whether tangible or intangible, that is	
14	subject to a Security Interest;	<b>.</b> .
15	"Confirmation Statement" means a certificate issued by the Collateral	
16	Registry confirming the Registration Number, date and time of a	
17	registration;	
18	"Consumer Goods" means goods that the debtor uses or intends to use	
19	primarily for personal, family or household purpose;	
20	"Creditor" refers to the person granting a facility on the back of a security	
21	interest created under this Act;	
22	"Equipment" means machinery or other capital goods used in the operation	
23	of the grantor's business;	
24	"Farm Products" include:	•
25	(a) crops grown, growing, or to be grown;	
26	(b) fish stocks;	
27	(c) livestock, poultry and their unborn offspring;	
28	(d) seeds, fertilizers, manure and supplies used or produced in a	
29	farming operation; and	
<b>30</b>	(e) products of crops and livestock in their unprocessed states;	

"Financial Institution" means banks, body association or group of persons, whether corporate or incorporate which carries on the business of investment and securities, a discount house, insurance institutions, debt factorization and convention firms, bureau de change, finance company, primary mortgage 4 institutions, money brokerage firm whose principal business includes factoring, project financing, equipment leasing, debt administration, fund 6 management, private ledger service, investment management, local purchase order, financing export finance, project consultancy, financial consultancy, 8 9 pension funds management and such other business as the Central Bank, or other appropriate regulatory authorities may from time to time designate; 10 "Finance Lease" means a lease which transfers ownership of the asset to the 11 12 lessee at the end of the lease term; "Financing Statement" means the prescribed forms on which information is 13 14 provided to effect a registration under this Act or any regulation made 15 hereunder; 16 "Goods" means tangible movable property and include farm products, Inventory, equipment, consumer goods, trees that have been severed and oil, 17 gas or minerals that have been extracted; 18 "Governor" means Governor of Central Bank of Nigeria; "Grantor" means a person that has rights in the collateral, and includes a 20 grantor of any type of security interest in the form of a charge, chattel 21 mortgage, pledge or lien in movable property; 22 "Initial Financing Statement" means Financing Statement in the prescribed 23 form that a person originally submits to the Collateral Registry for registration; 24 "Initial Financing Statement Registration Number" means the number 25 assigned to the initial financing statement by the Collateral Registry on its 26 registration that is permanently associated with such financing statement; 27 "Inventory" means goods that are: 28

(a) held for sale or lease in the ordinary course of business; and

(b) raw materials or work in progress;

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1	"Movable Assets" means tangible or intangible property other than real
2	property;
3	"Operating Lease" means an agreement between two parties whereby the
4	lessor allows the lessee to use its asset for a specific period of time in
5	exchange for periodic fees;
6	"Proceeds" means identifiable or traceable movable asset received as a
7	result of sale, other disposition, collection, lease or license of the collateral,
8	including natural fruits, distributions, insurance payments and claims
9	arising from defects in, damage to or loss of collateral;
10	"Purchase Money Security Interest" means -
11	(a) a right in collateral taken or retained by the seller to secure all
12	or part of its purchase price;
13	(b) a right taken by a person who provides credit to enable the
14	grantor to acquire the collateral if such credit is in fact so used; and
15	(c) a right of a financial lessor;
16	"Registration" means the processing of a Financing Statement to bring it in
17	compliance with the requirements of this Act;
18	"Registry" means the Collateral Registry established under this Act;
19	"Security Agreement" means an agreement in any form and howsoever
20	entitled entered into between the grantor and creditor that creates a security
21	interest under this Act;
22	"Security Interest" means a property right in collateral that is created by
23	agreement and secures payment or other performance of an obligation,
24	regardless of whether the parties have denominated it as a security interest
25	but it does not include a personal right against a guarantor or other person
26	liable for the performance of the secured obligation;
27	"Serial-numbered Goods" means movable property that have a serial or
28	identification number permanently marked on or attached to its body frame
29	by the manufacturer limited to motor vehicles, planes, and boats that are not
30	held as inventory.

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"Serial Number" means an identification number marked or attached to the
 body frame of a movable property by the manufacturer.
 (2) For the purposes of this Act, the determination of whether goods
 are consumer goods, equipment, farm products or Inventory is to be made at the
 time when the Security Agreement is concluded and the Creditor may rely on
 the representations of the Grantor as to the intended use.

### Short Talle

65. This Act may be cited as the Secured Transactions in Movable

8 Assets Bill, 2015.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Act seeks to provide for the registration of financing statements and use of movable assets as acceptable security for accessing credit by individuals and micro, small and medium enterprises in Nigeria.

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